

An In-Depth Look at the GroupWise® Internet Agent

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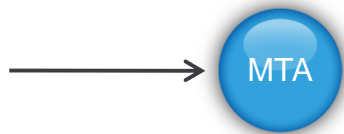
Agenda

- Architecture and design
- Configuration
- Design
- Security
- Functionality
- Tips and Tricks
- Trouble shooting

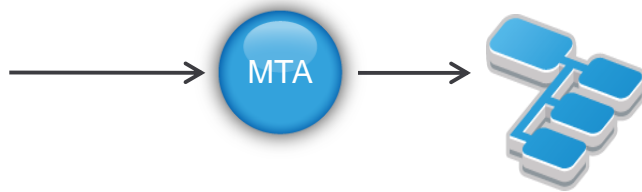
Architecture and Design

GWIA Architecture

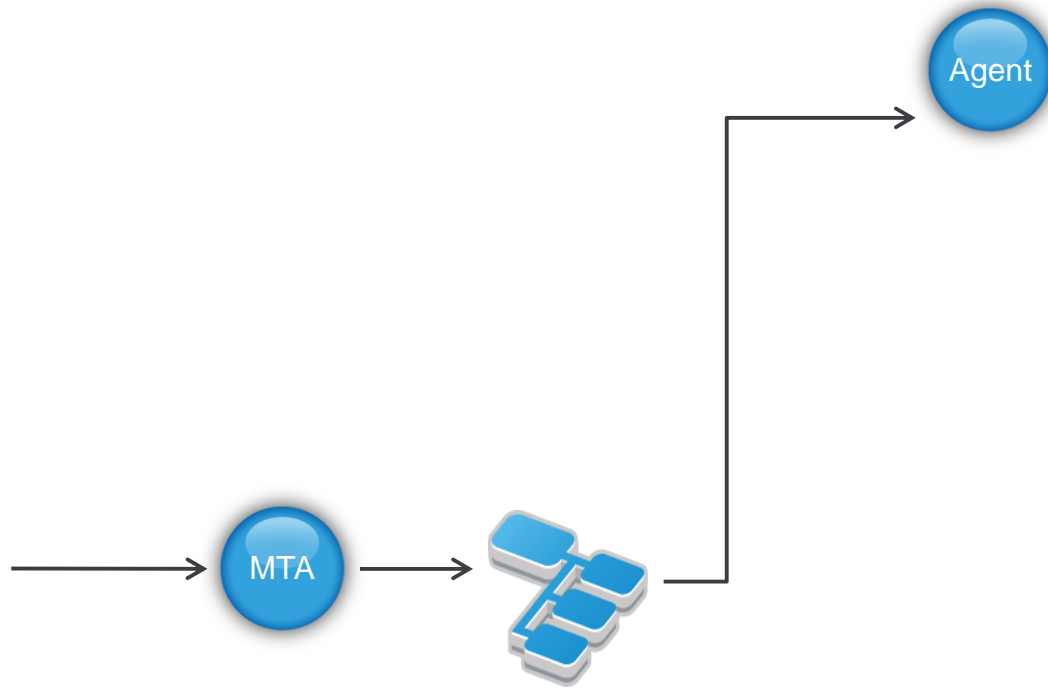
GWIA Architecture



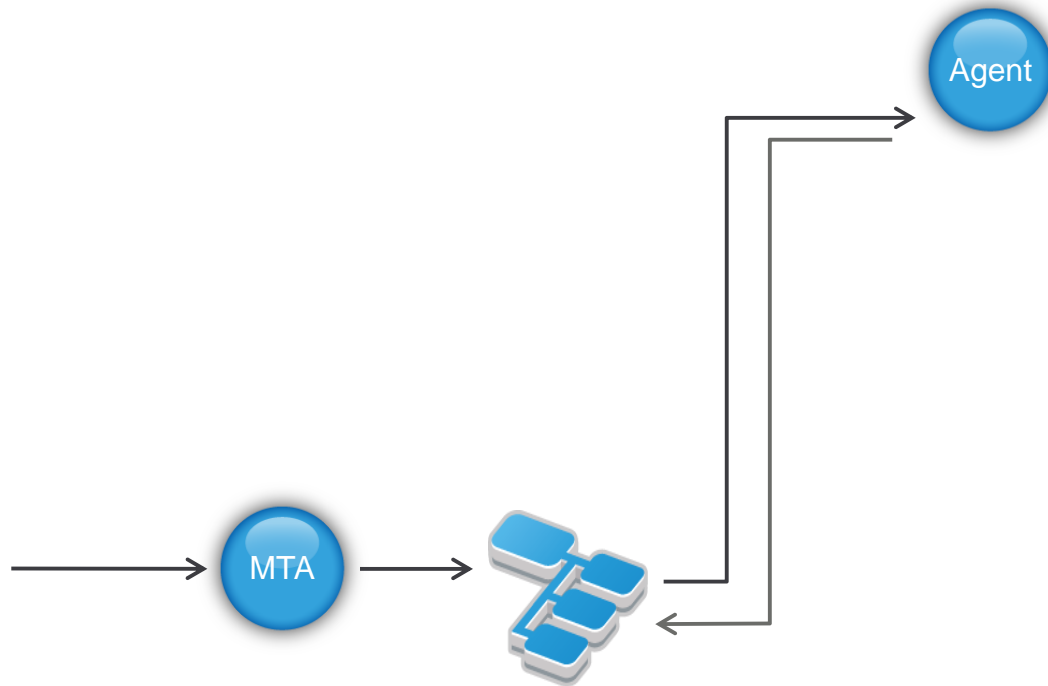
GWIA Architecture



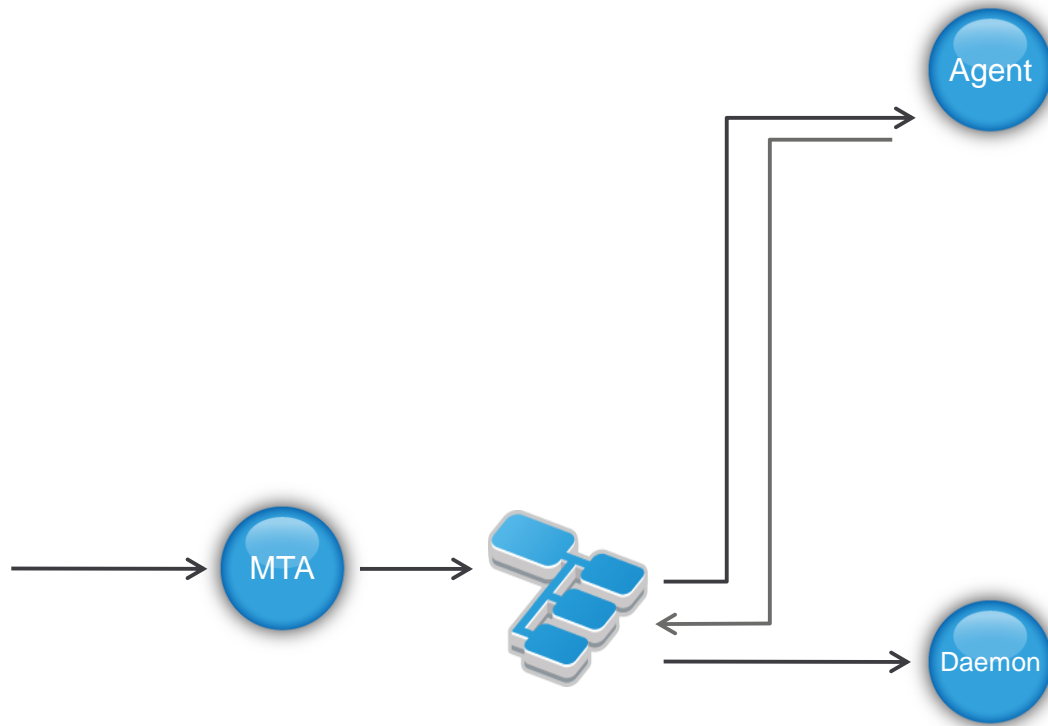
GWIA Architecture



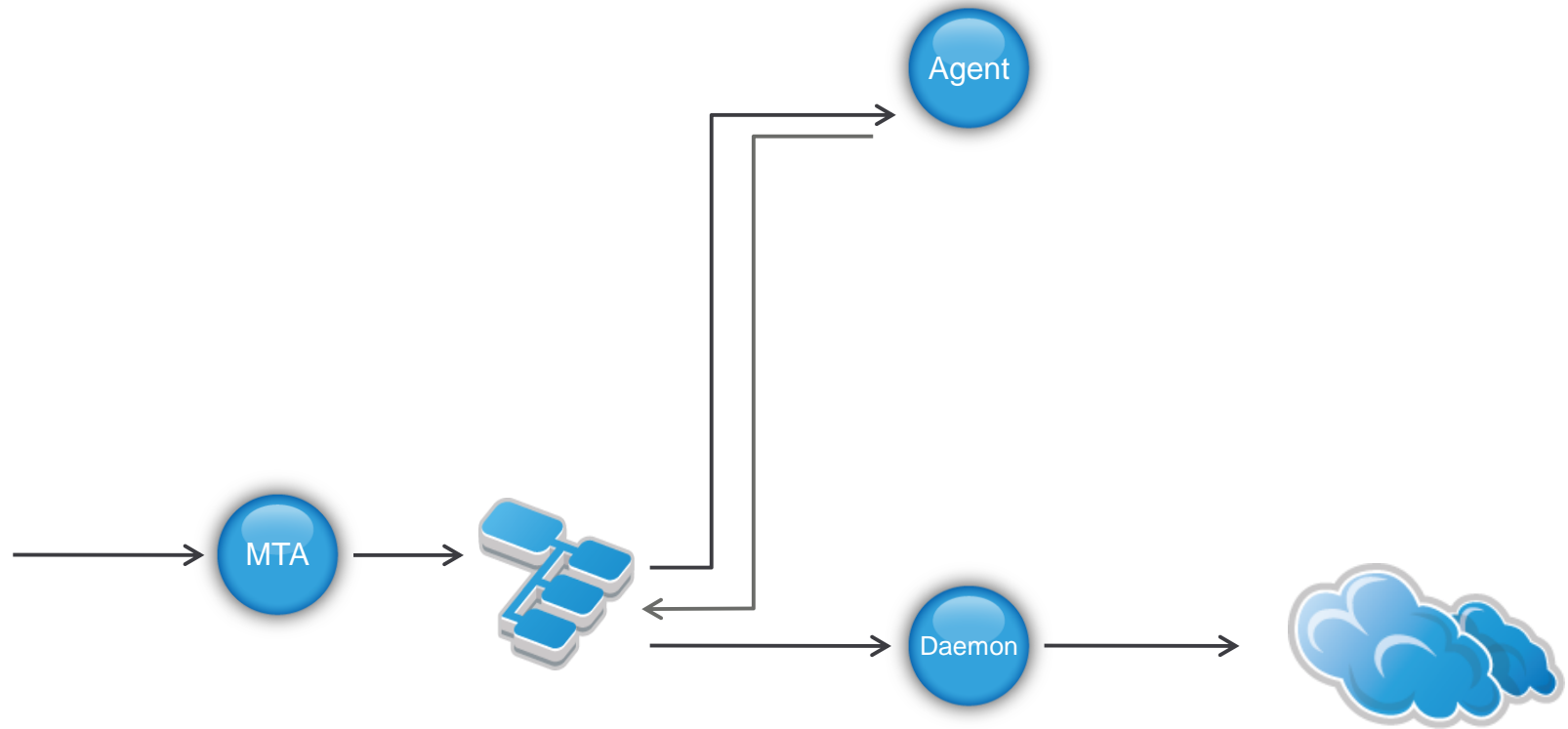
GWIA Architecture



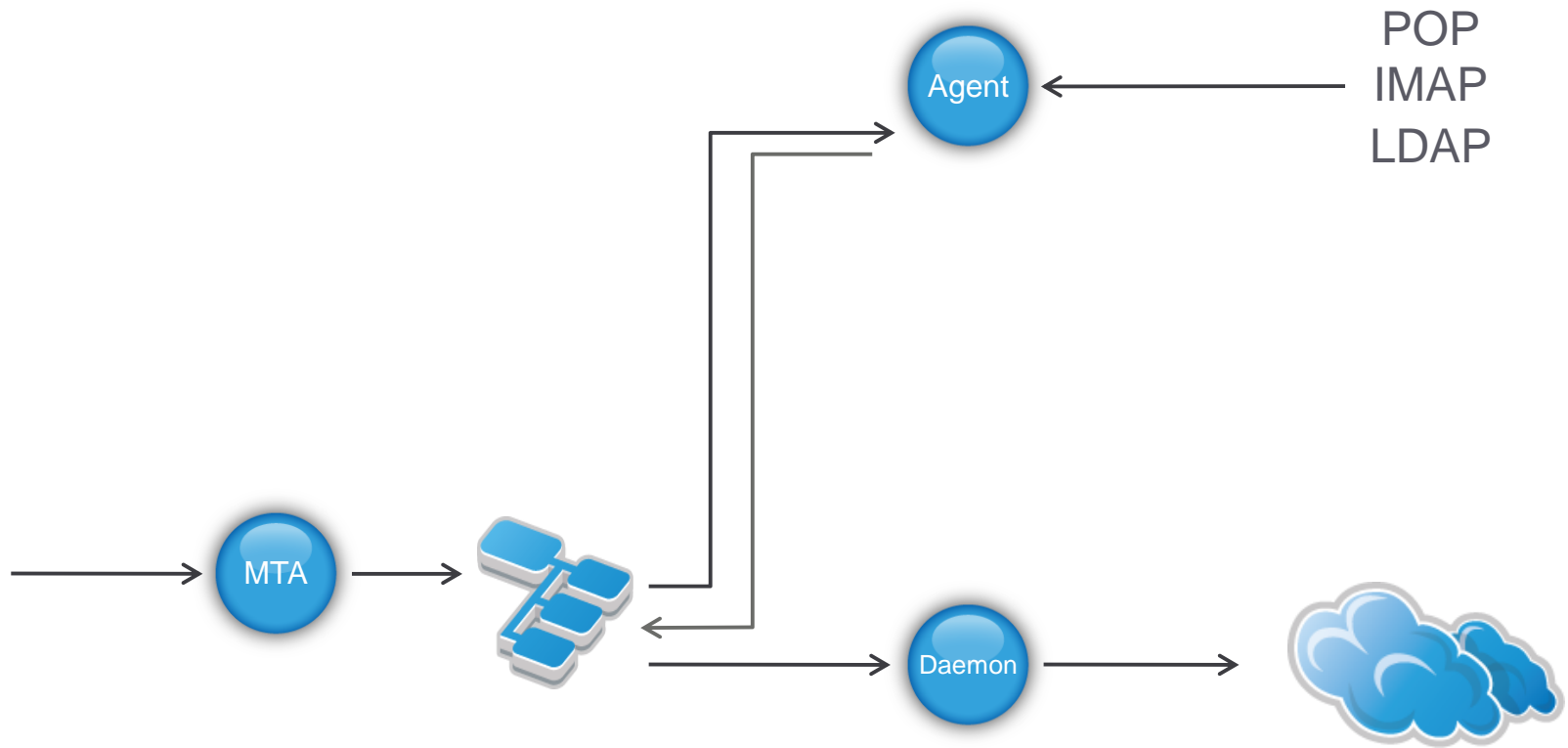
GWIA Architecture



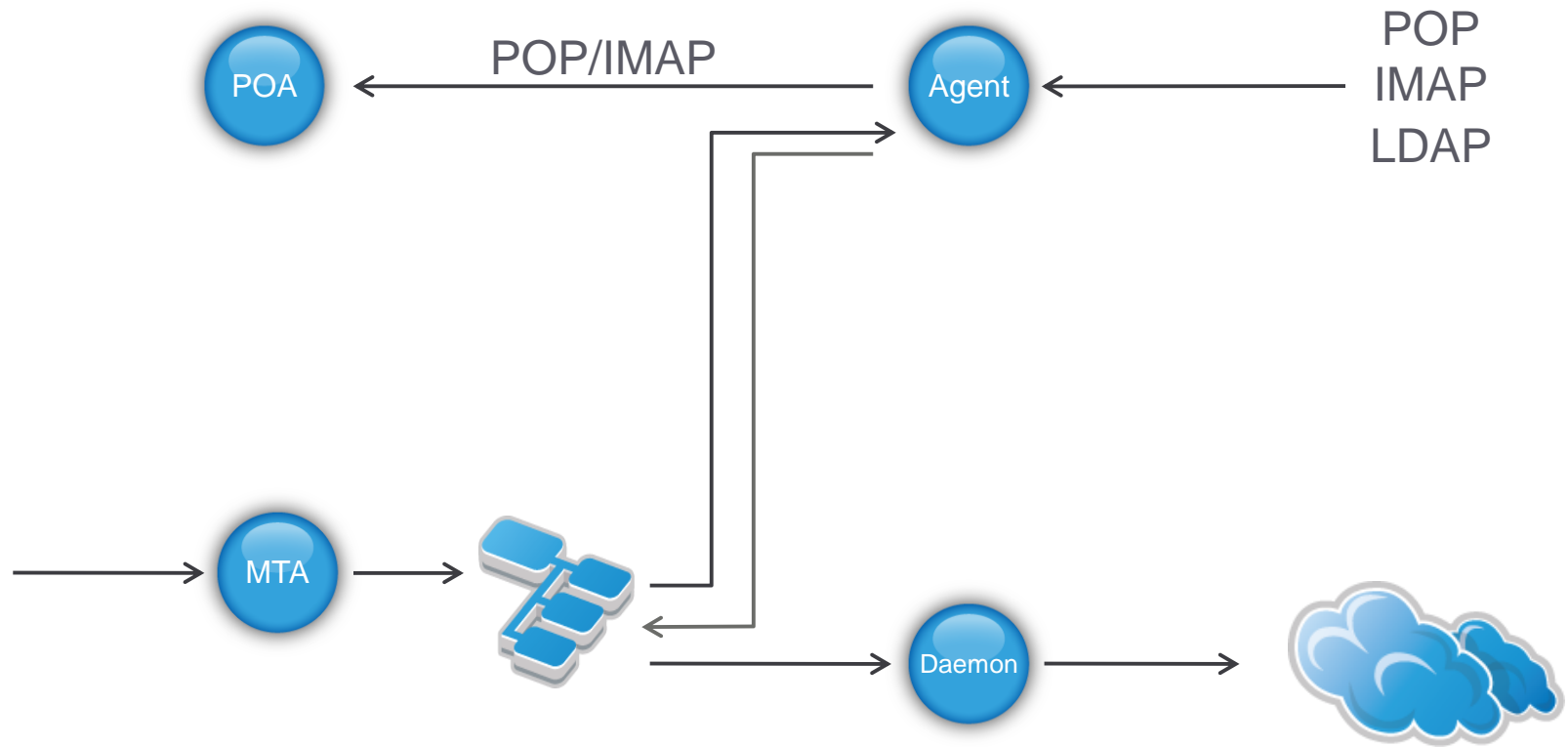
GWIA Architecture



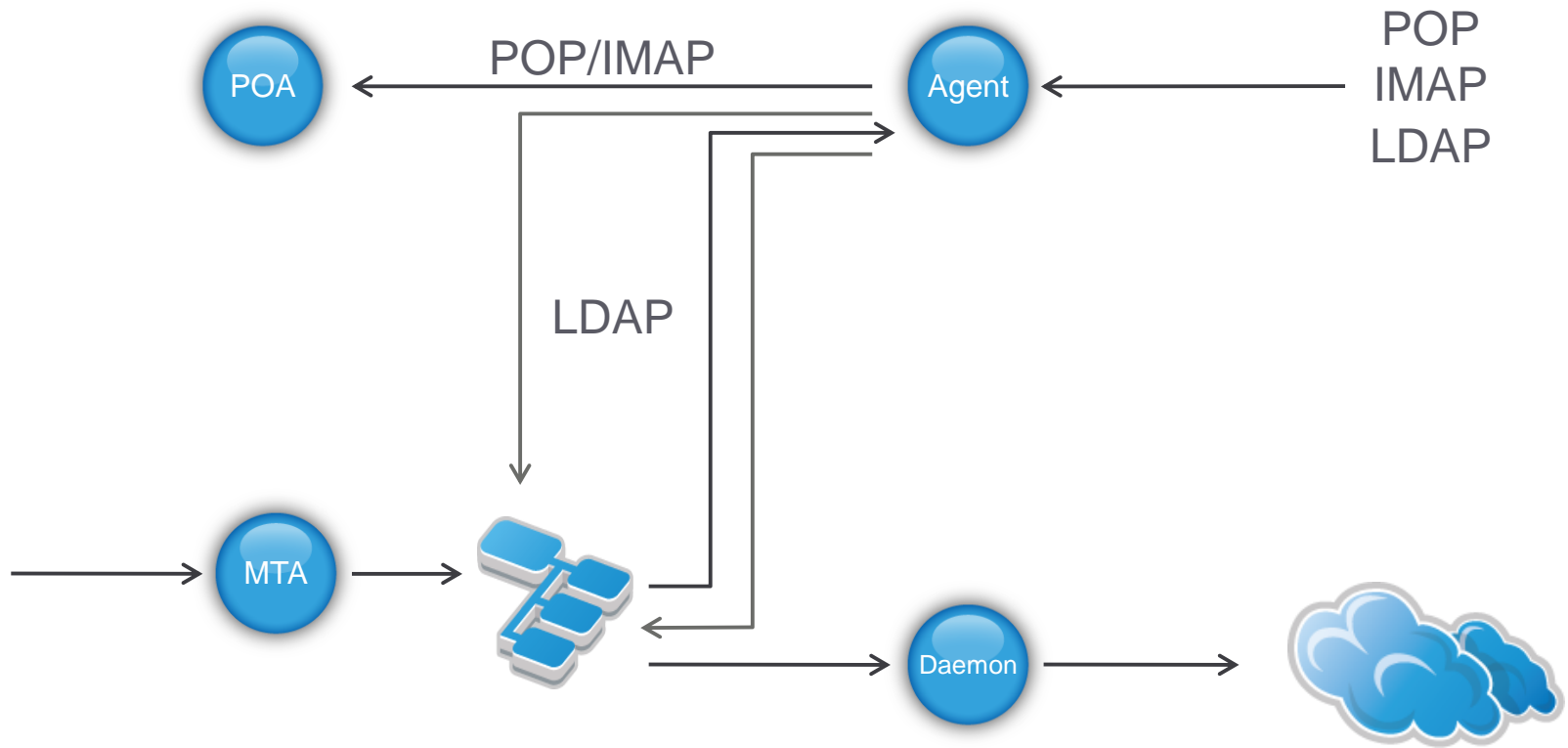
GWIA Architecture



GWIA Architecture



GWIA Architecture



What can we do to improve services?

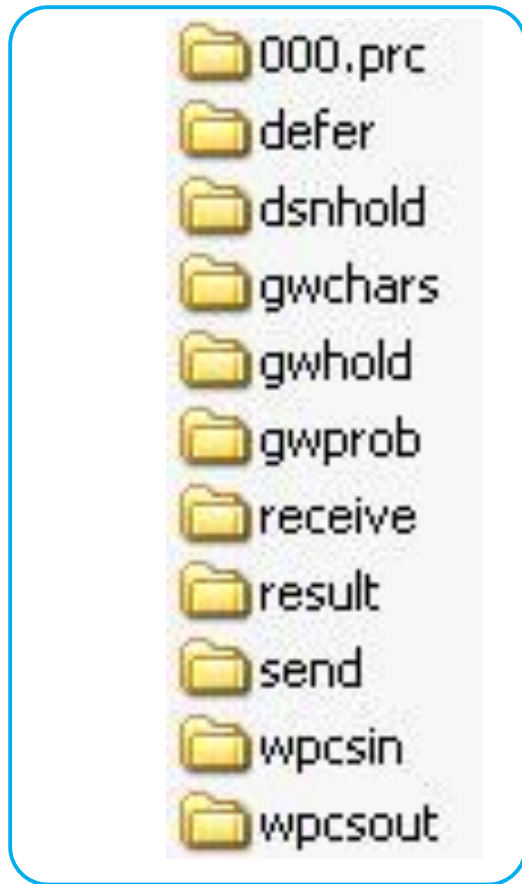
- Clever architecture and design choices
 - Using relay servers
 - Weighting MX records
 - Use native load management tools
- Service access control and redirection
 - Using Access Control Lists
 - Alternate GWIAs
- Service load balancing/management
- Service redundancy/high availability
 - GroupWise® high availability and clustering
- Service I/O fencing and demarcations (QoS really)

Configuration

Directory Structure

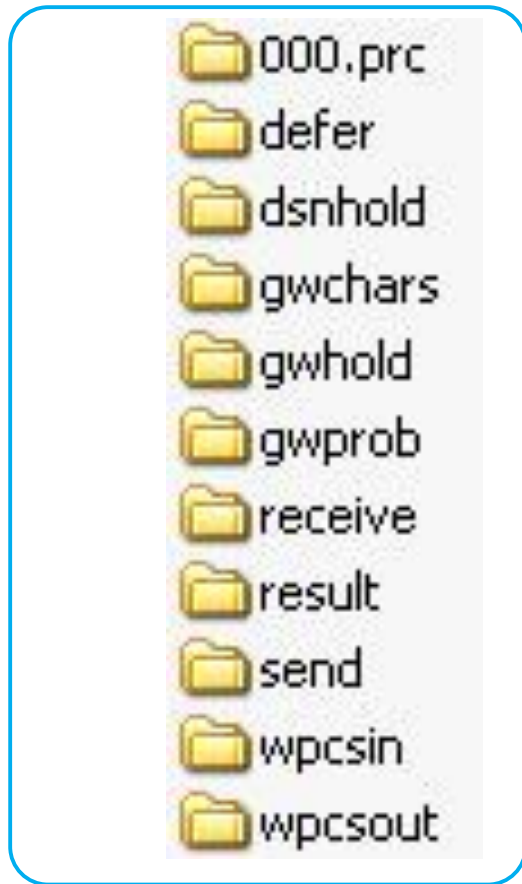


Directory Structure



Working directory

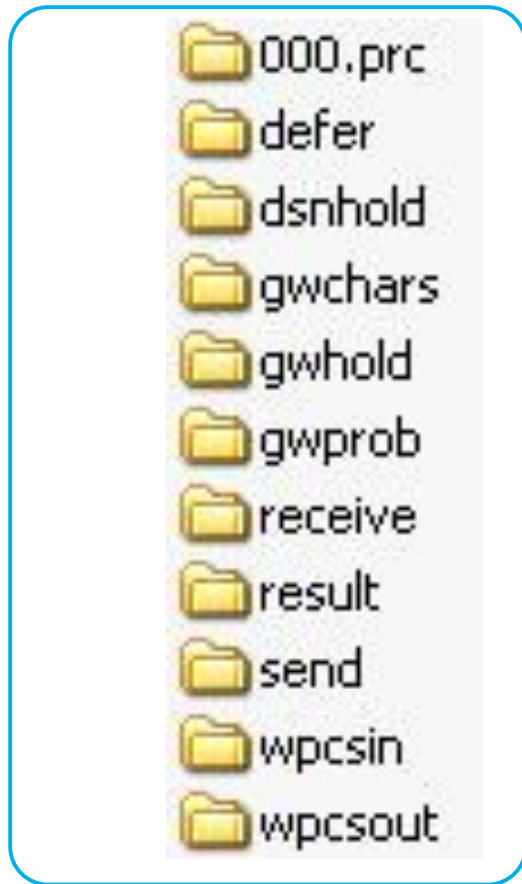
Directory Structure



Working directory

Deferred delivery messages

Directory Structure

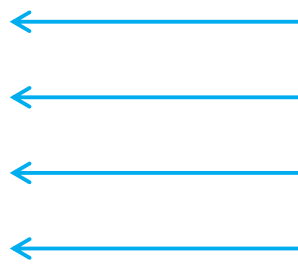
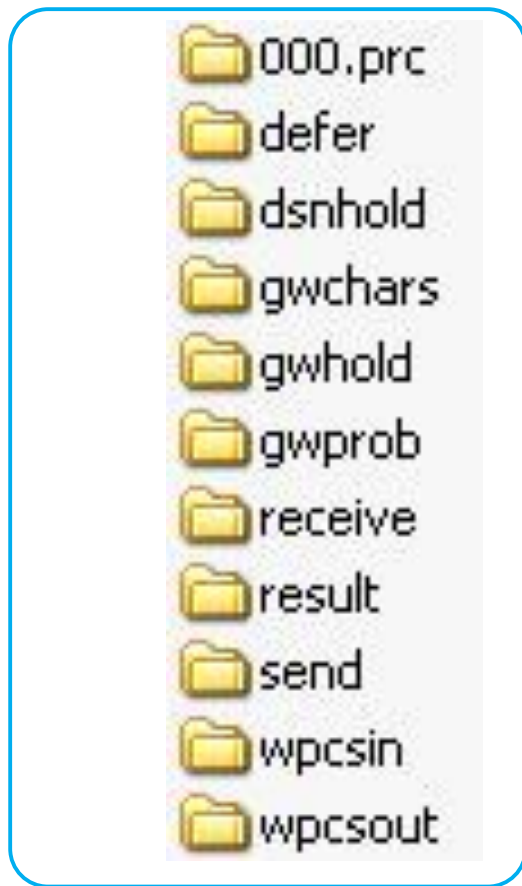


Working directory

Deferred delivery messages

DSN notification messages

Directory Structure



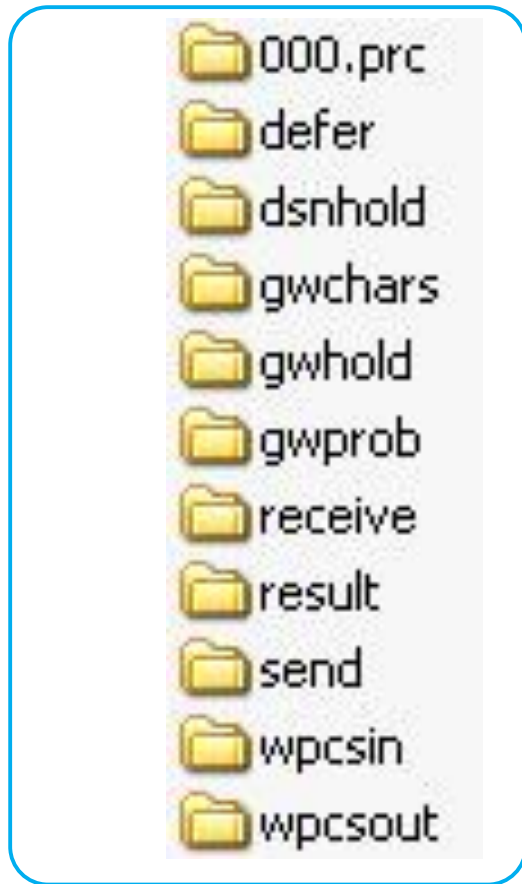
Working directory

Deferred delivery messages

DSN notification messages

Character mappings

Directory Structure



Working directory



Deferred delivery messages



DSN notification messages

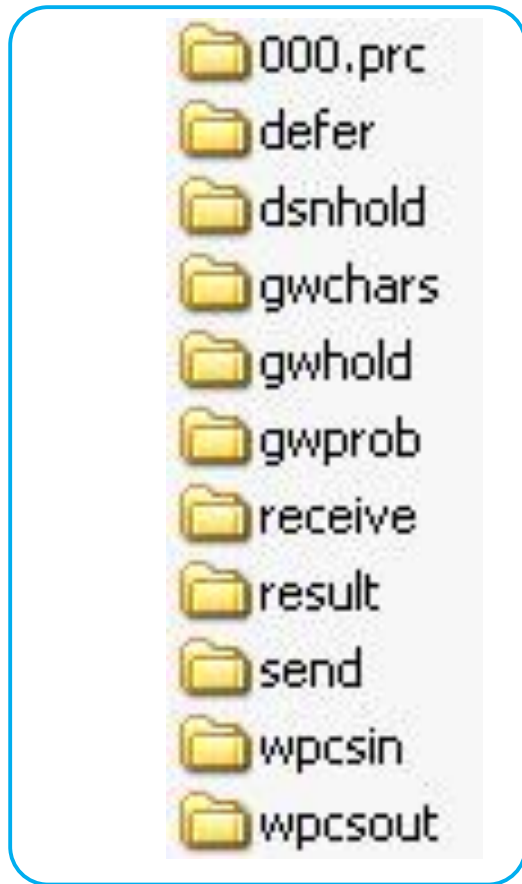


Character mappings



Delayed delivery messages

Directory Structure



Working directory



Deferred delivery messages



DSN notification messages



Character mappings

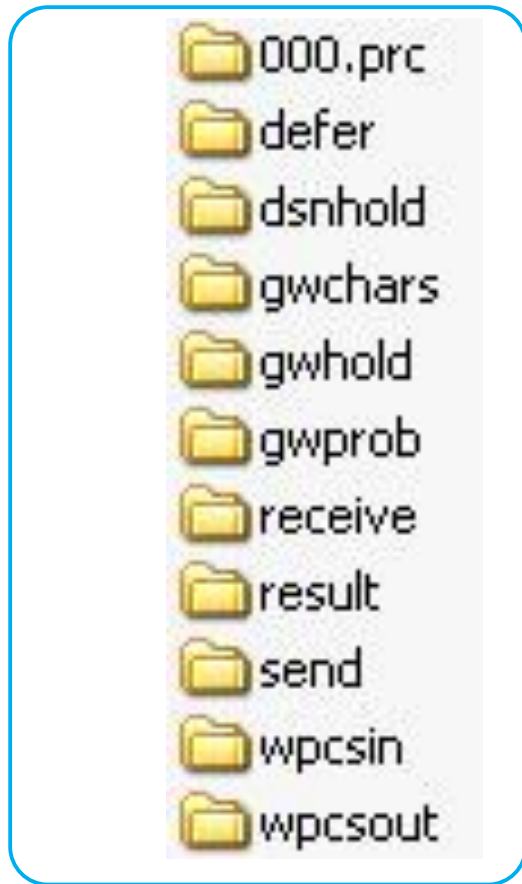


Delayed delivery messages



Problem messages

Directory Structure



Working directory



Deferred delivery messages



DSN notification messages



Character mappings



Delayed delivery messages

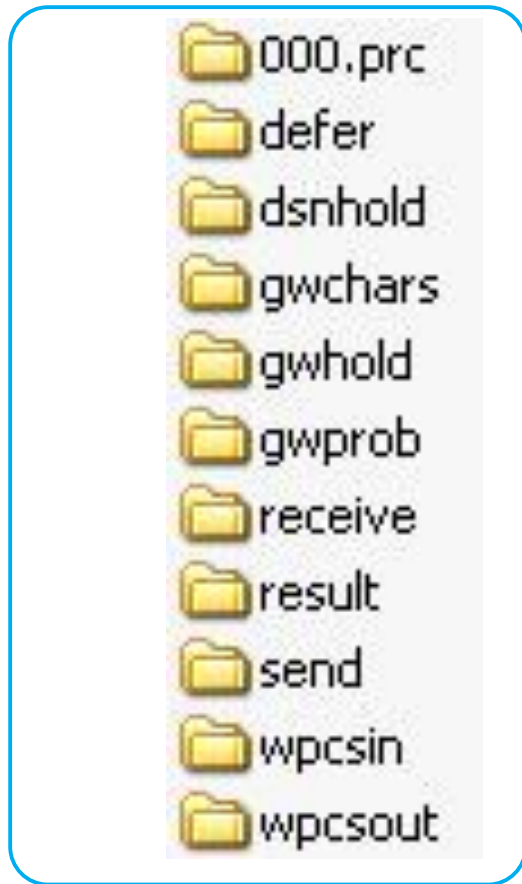


Problem messages



Inbound SMTP messages

Directory Structure



Working directory



Deferred delivery messages



DSN notification messages



Character mappings



Delayed delivery messages



Problem messages

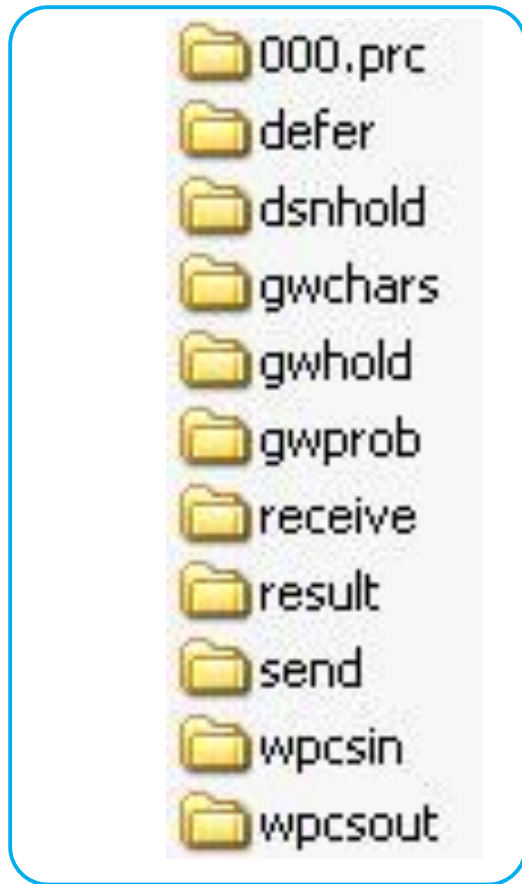


Inbound SMTP messages



Result messages

Directory Structure



Working directory



Deferred delivery messages



DSN notification messages



Character mappings



Delayed delivery messages



Problem messages



Inbound SMTP messages

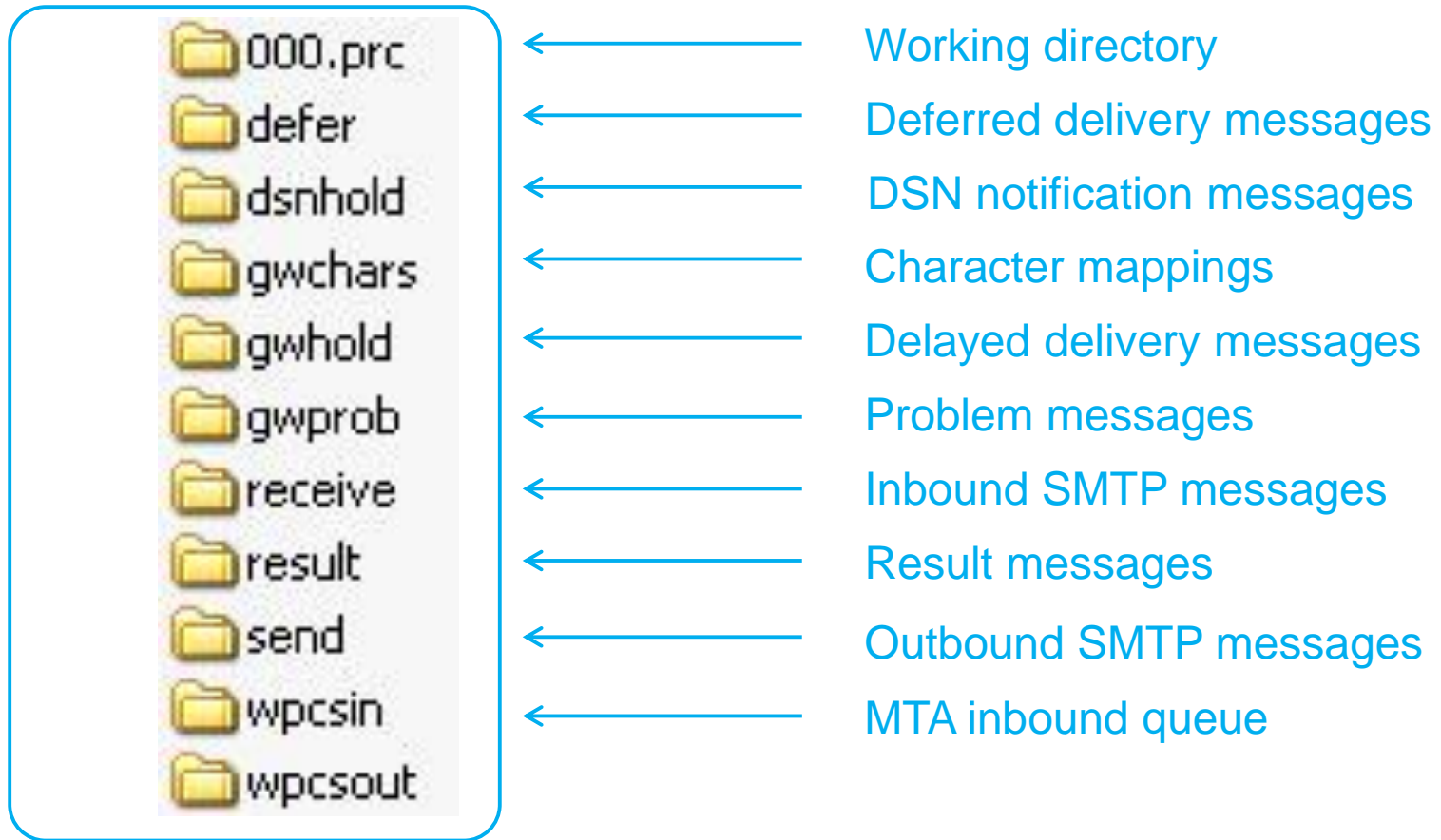


Result messages

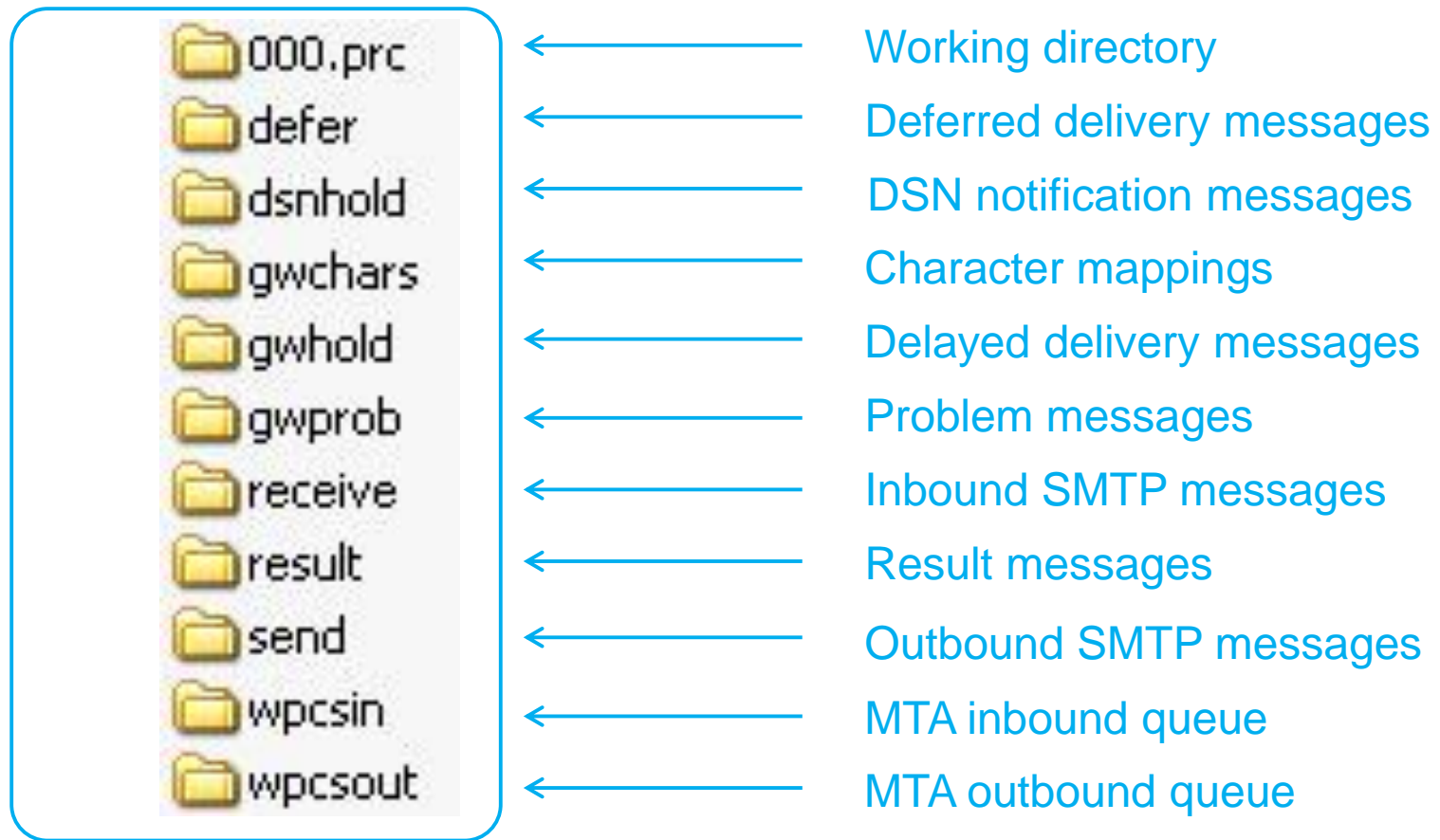


Outbound SMTP messages

Directory Structure



Directory Structure



Configuration Files

- gwia.cfg Startup switches, mostly now in db
- exepath.cfg Path to the gwia.cfg
- route.cfg Routing overrides
- status.xml Returned status messages
- preamble.* Mime warning
- blocked.txt Blocked IP sources
- mimetype.cfg Content type mapping
- frgnames.cfg Legacy foreign names
- gwauth.cfg SMTP host authentication

Exepath.cfg

- Located in the domain\wpgate\gwia directory
- Used by ConsoleOne® to locate the gwia.cfg file
- The file must contain the path to the gwia.cfg file
- Default Paths:
 - Windows : domain\wpgate\gwia
 - Linux : /opt/novell/groupwise/agents/share
 - or \server\opt\novell\groupwise\agents\share



Route CFG

- Used to override any DNS entries for a destination
 - Ignore a relay host for some internal destinations
 - Some hosts are unknown to the DNS
 - Some destinations you may want to virus scan
 - Create the file in the domain\wpgate\gwia directory

```
novell.com    gwia.novell.com
unixbox      [123.1.2.3]
```

- Ensure that the last entry is followed by a carriage return

SUSE® Linux Enterprise Server Open Enterprise Server 2

- Postfix
 - Do not disable
- Edit `/etc/postfix/main.cf`
 - Change the "inet_interfaces= all"
 - > "inet_interfaces=127.0.0.1"
- Set GWIA to bind exclusive at "load time"

Design

GroupWise® Design

- Have domain local to the GWIA
 - Recommended to be on a dedicated secondary domain
 - Do not run a gateway across the network
 - Design the IP space for your system
 - Use MTP between MTA and GWIA
 - Needed for alternate GWIA functionality

Multiple GWIAs

- Why

- Flexibility
- Stability
- Security
- Performance

- Usage

- Inbound/outbound mail
- Internal/external mail
- Dedicated POP or IMAP services

- Resilience

- MX records can point to multiple inbound GWIAs
- Can have a fail-over GWIA if routing via MTP
- Can have multiple outbound relay hosts

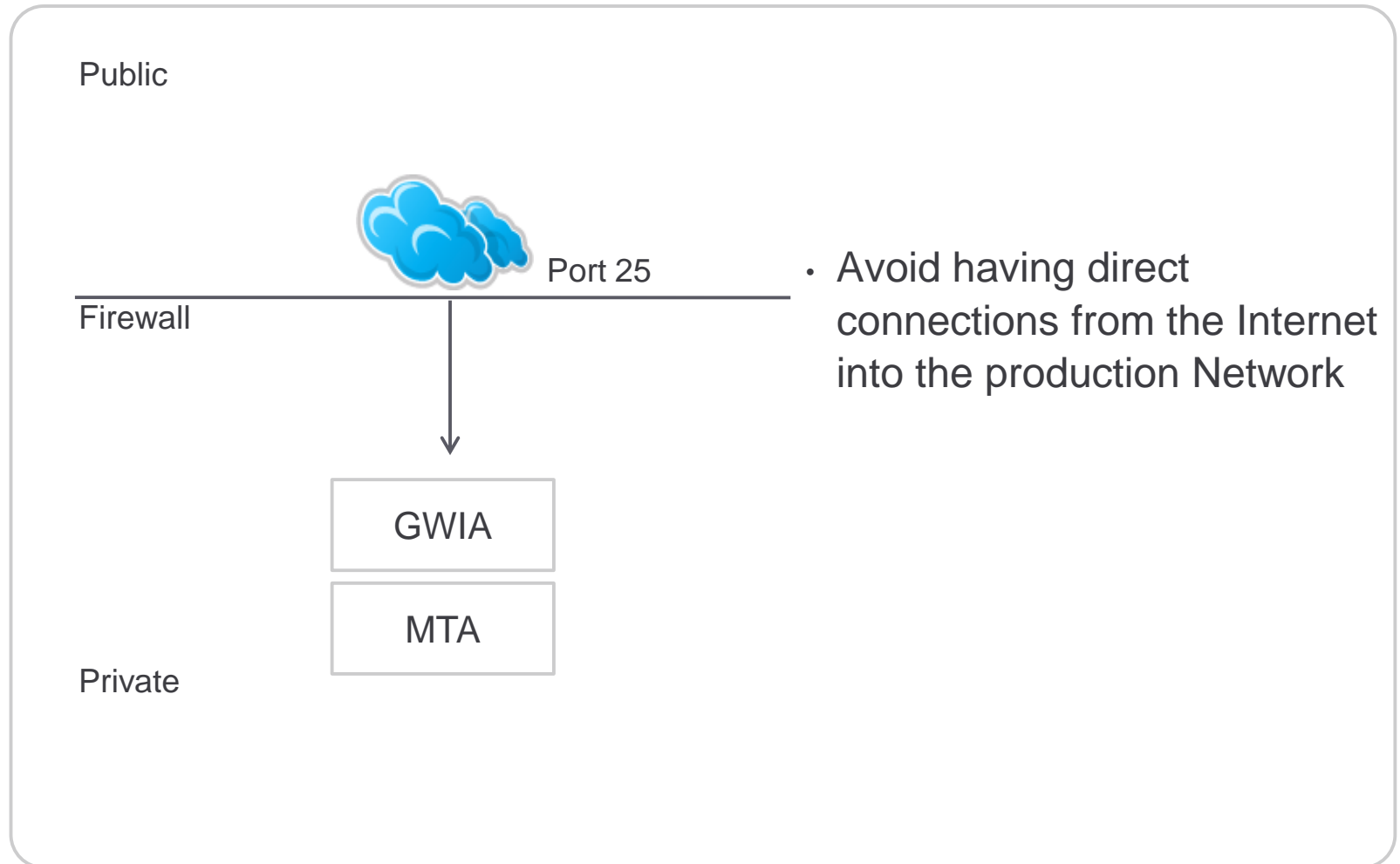
Clustering



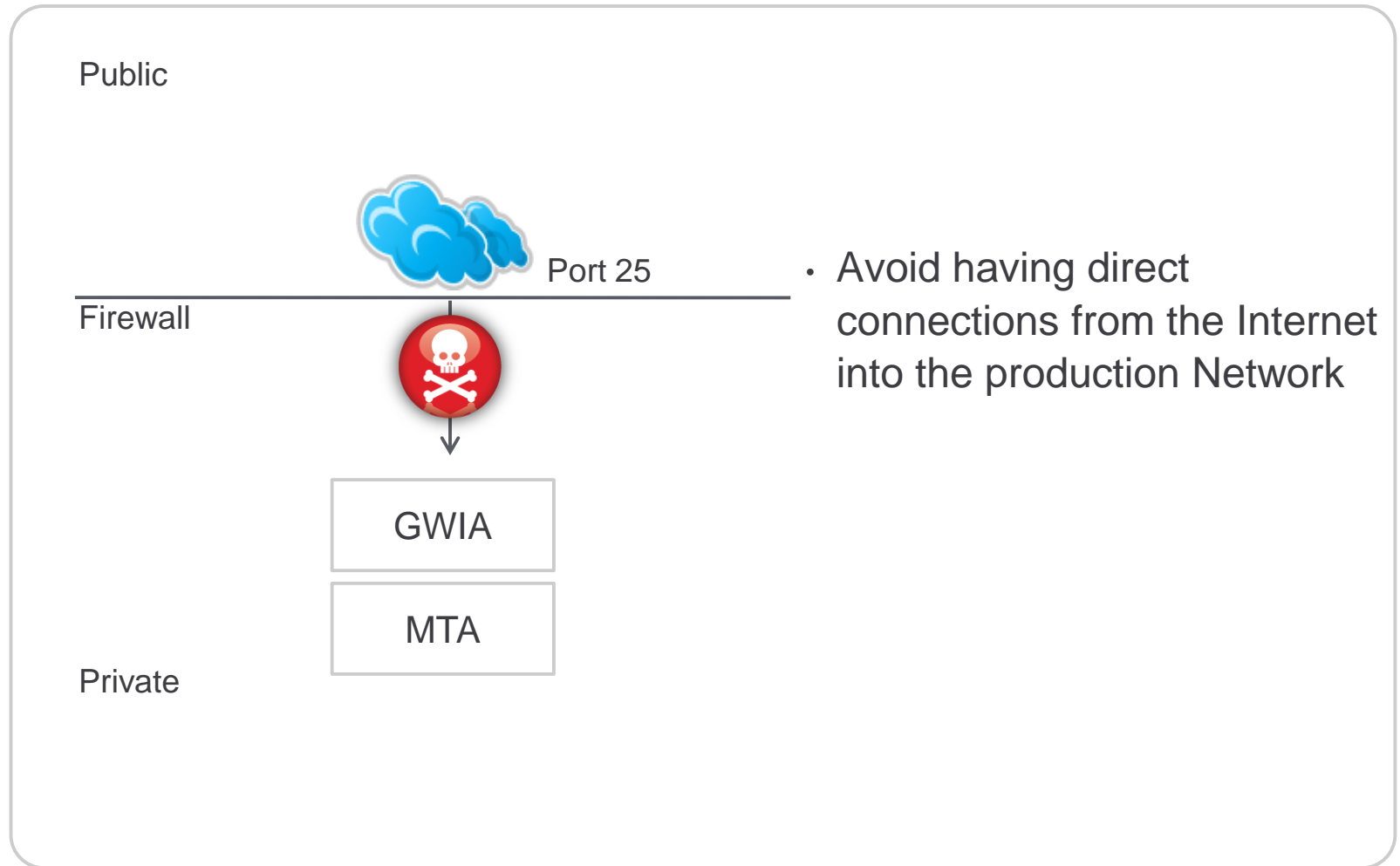
- Types: Novell Clustering Services and Linux High Availability
- **Badly formatted messages can stop multiple nodes**
 - Do not fail over to all nodes
- **If no SMTP Relay there is direct external access**
- Virtualisation can compete
 - Potential additional cost or overhead

Security

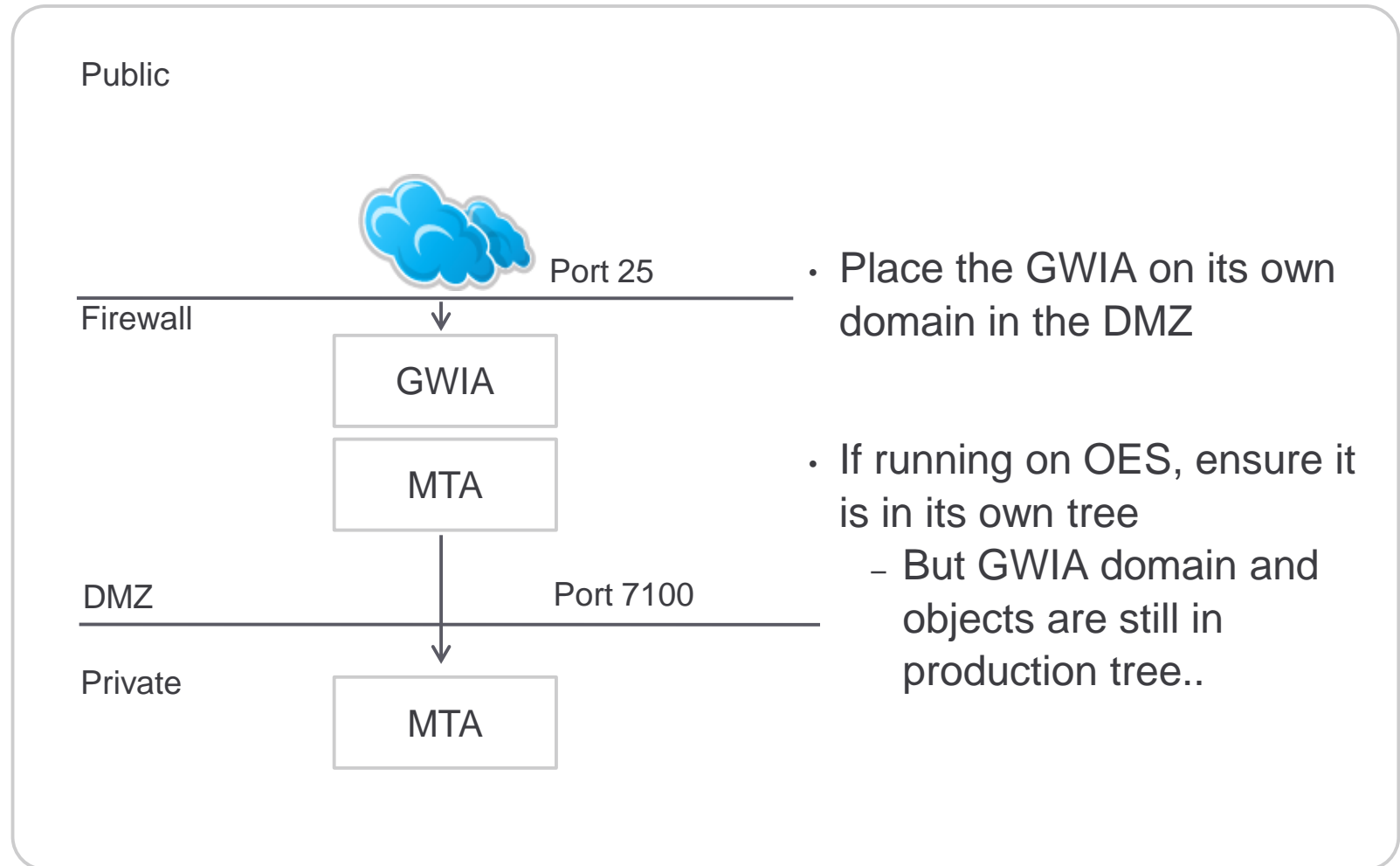
Security



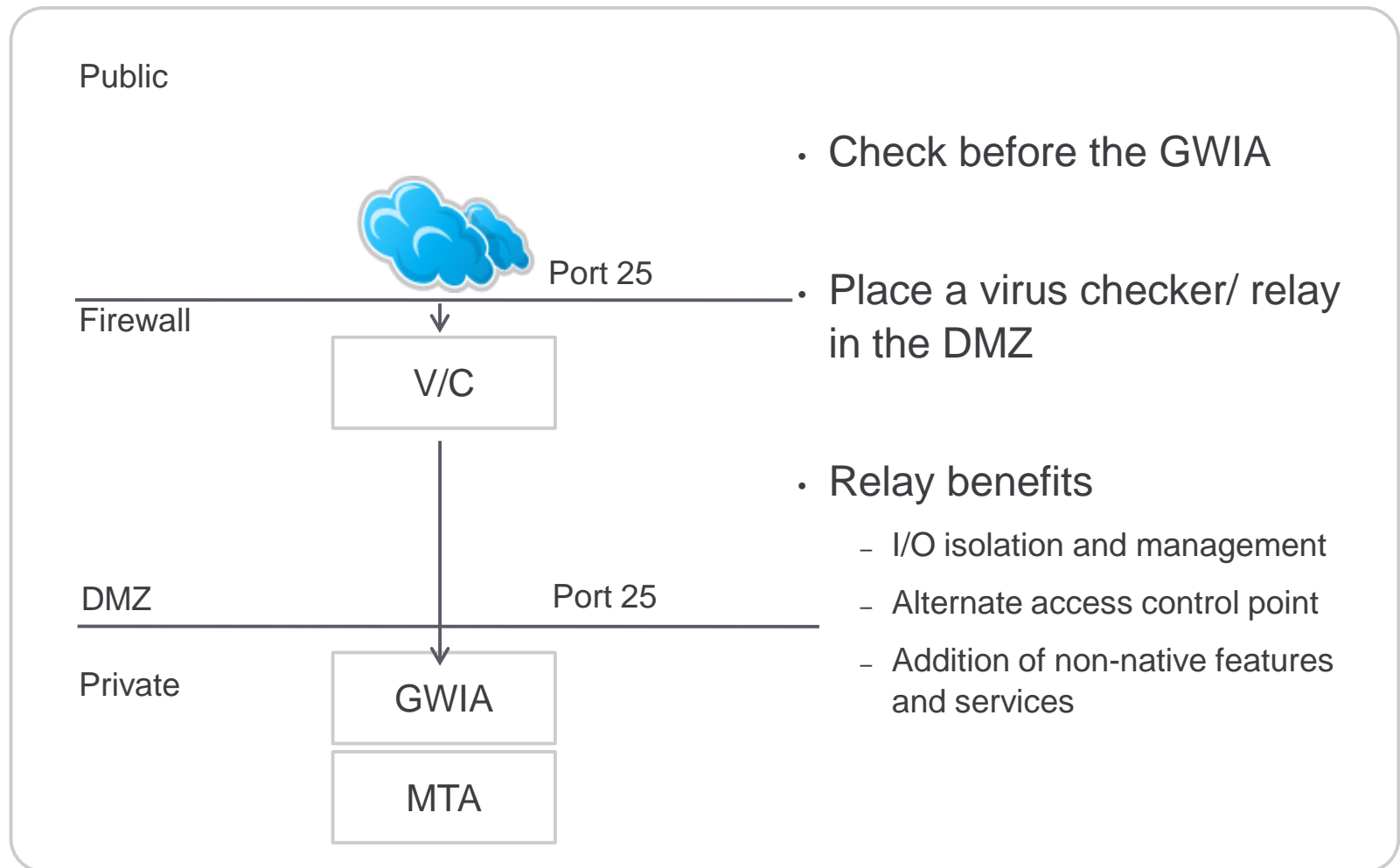
Security



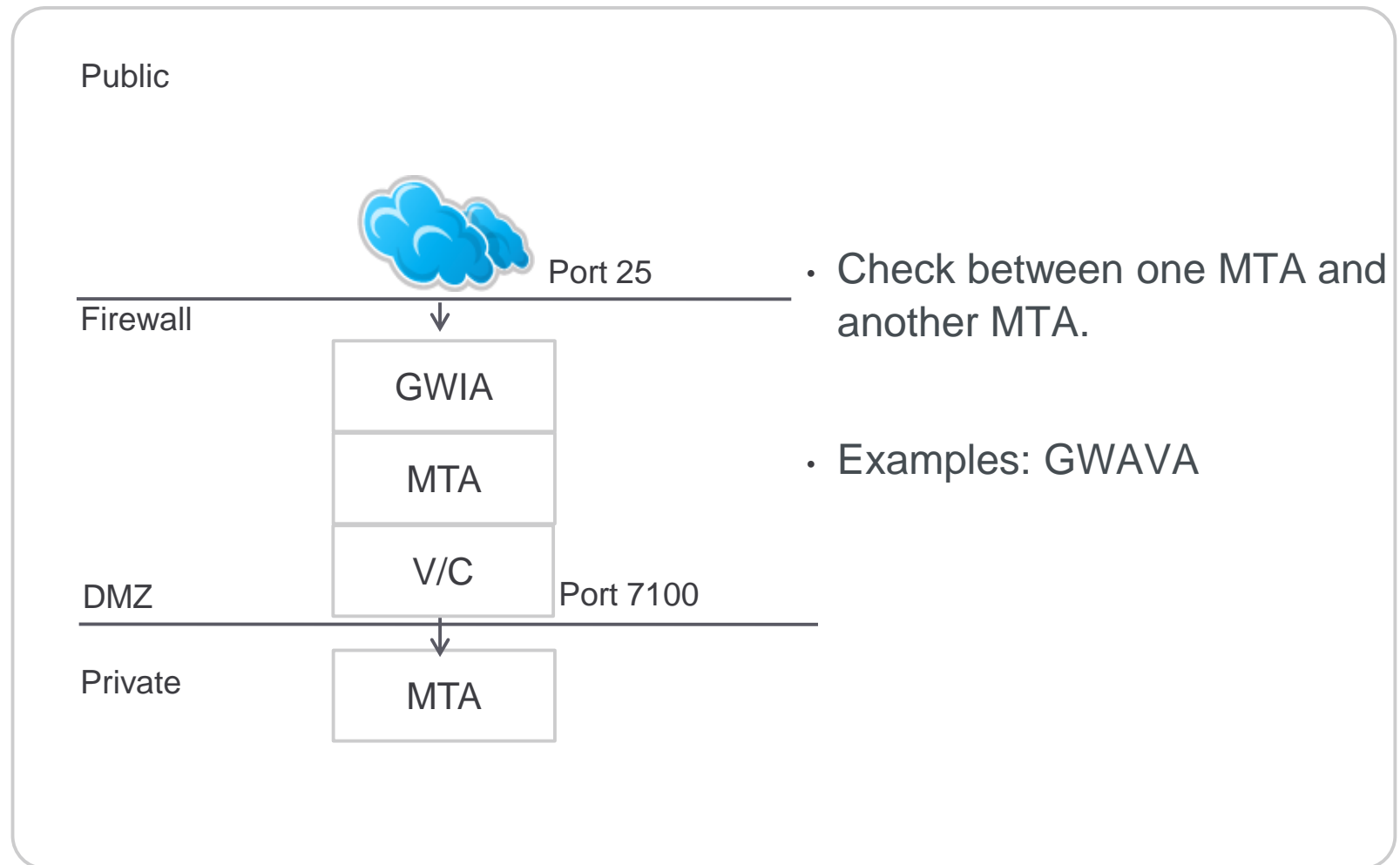
DMZ Security



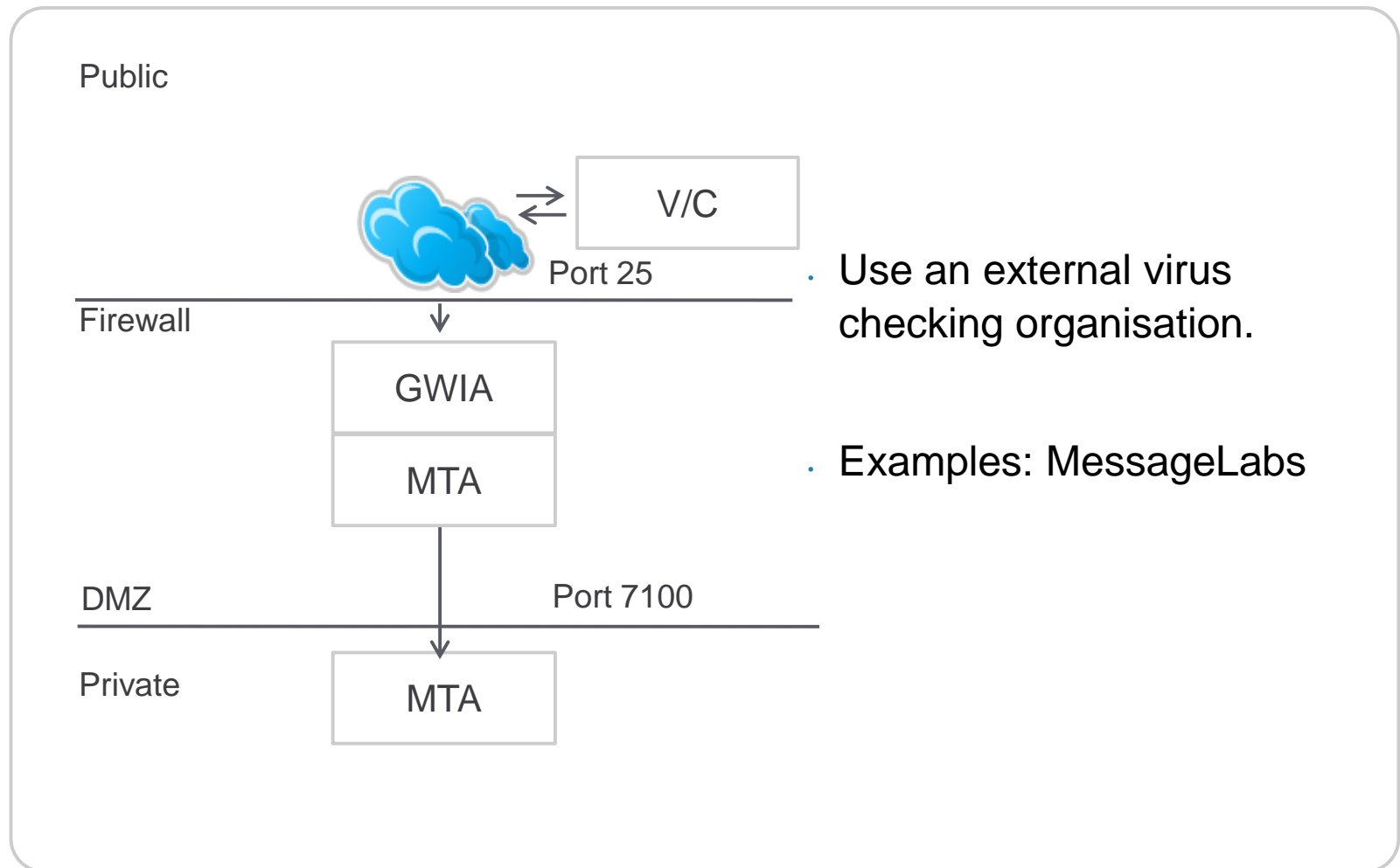
Virus/Spam Checking



Virus/Spam Checking



Virus/Spam Checking



- Use an external virus checking organisation.

- Examples: MessageLabs

Access Control

- All access control is stored in the gwac.db
 - Can be deleted or can be copied between different GWIAs
- Class of service use
 - Domain (Mostly)
 - Post Office
 - Network Address
 - User
 - Distribution List
- Benefits
 - Prevention of unauthorized access to services
 - Internal misuse and security compliance issues
 - OMG ... if you just checked those logs

Access Control

- Can control

- Incoming/outgoing SMTP
- Maximum message size
- Allow/deny messages to/from specific users/domains
- Access to POP/IMAP
 - On Linux can use firewall to control access

- Block/allow all rule-generated messages

- /realmailfrom
- /flatfwd

Access control

- Class of Service – Restricted GWIA
 - GroupWise specific ACL requirements
 - 10.1.1.1
 - *@*.*
 - Blank-Sender-User-ID

If these aren't in your GWIA Class of Service configurations you'll get disappointing results

Security

- Relay

- Disable, users can relay if they authenticate
 - > Remember need SSL for authentication

- Mailbomb

- Only enable mailbomb protection if you have a direct Internet connection

- SSL

- If another site supports it consider using TLS
- Enable for POP/IMAP

- Do not publish GroupWise connection information

Functionality

POP3/IMAP

- Security

- Ensure SSL is enabled
 - Credentials should not be sent in plain text
- If not in use then disable for improved security
- Cannot secure third party “local” message stores
- Enable intruder detection at the Post Office
- Internal mail policies circumvented
 - Retention
 - Quotas

POP3/IMAP4

- IMAP at the POA

- Direct access to the PO and therefore improved performance
 - But multiple access points need to be managed

- Bandwidth overconsumption

- Messages not compressed
- Connections kept open
- Attachments expand in size with MIME encoding

POP3/IMAP4

- Specific POP/IMAP start up switches
- Danger
 - SMTP will allow credentials sent in clear
 - Consider using a dedicated Internet Agent
 - Beware Mac mail!

Lightweight Directory Access Protocol

- Lightweight Directory Access Protocol
 - No, not a database, an access protocol
 - References the GroupWise® domain database
 - Returns only 4 attributes
 - First Name Last Name
 - Email address Telephone
- Use NLDAP instead
 - References eDirectory™ so all user attributes available
 - eDirectory is optimised for LDAP and is therefore faster
- Do not make LDAP access publicly available!

ESMTP

- **Delivery Status Notification**
 - Told delivered status by receiving system
- **Size limitations**
 - Based on the MIME size of the message
- **Authentication**
 - Inbound and outbound
- **STARTTLS**
 - SSL between SMTP servers

Blocking Messages

- Real-time blacklists
 - SBL – Known Spam Sources
 - XBL – Transitory Spam relay sources
 - Can override by adding to the exceptions list
- Blocked.txt
 - List of blocked sites
 - Created when editing access control
- Can check your services
 - <http://www.dnsbl.info/dnsbl-database-check.php>
 - <http://www.mxtoolbox.com>

Accounting Files

- **Logs all inbound and outbound traffic**
 - Delivered to the accountant as a CSV file at midnight
 - Gives the following information
 - Date/time Recipient
 - Subject Size
 - Inbound/outbound Sender
 - Priority Message type
 - and others...
- **Parsing tools**
 - **GroupWise Monitor**
 - **Cool Solutions**
 - www.novell.com/communities/node/405/groupwise-accounting-data-report-20

Monitoring

- Console
 - Use show option in gwha.conf (Debugging only)
- HTTP monitoring
 - Browser-based monitoring of the GWIA
- GWMonitor
 - Visual representation that the Gateway is running
 - Multiple thresholds can be set
- Third Party monitoring tools

Tips and Tricks

Improving Performance

- **Send and receive threads**
 - The number of concurrent messages processed
 - The more threads, the more server resources used
 - Decrease the poll intervals for agent and daemon directories
 - Conversion and queue directories should be local
 - Increase threads allocated
- **Turn off Delayed Ack, Nagle and Minshall**

Aliases/Nicknames

- Users can be known by other than the default names
- Gateway alias
 - A user can only have one per gateway alias type
 - A GWIA instance can have only one alias type
 - Effects the return address on outbound mail
 - Try not to use
 - Use the override option on Internet Addressing
- Nicknames
 - Can have more than one per user
 - Does not effect the return address on outbound mail
- ConsoleOne® Alias to Override tool

Schizophrenia

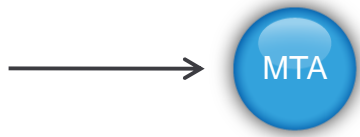
- Users can have multiple inbound personalities
 - Multiple inbound iDomains
 - Multiple personalities from
 - Internet addressing
 - Nicknames
 - Gateway alias
 - But they only have the one outbound address
 - Can publish all addresses to eDirectory™
- Resolution
 - Use multiple outbound GWIAs
 - Define different gateway alias types for each / use different aliases
 - Use POP/IMAP accounts on client and relay off GWIA
 - Proxy to another account

Troubleshooting

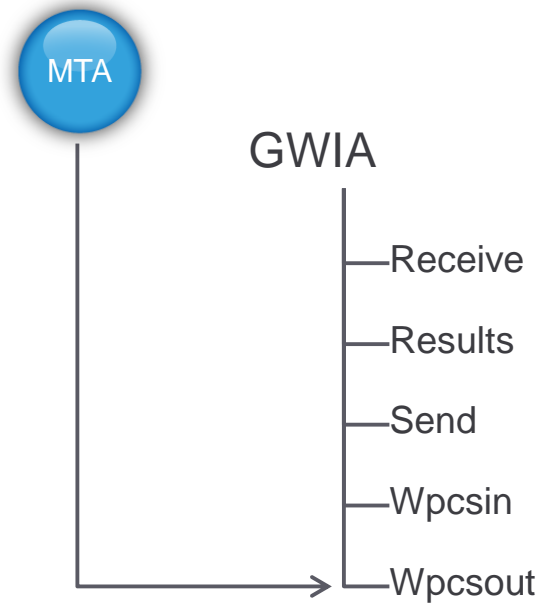
Message Flow

- Why understand the message flow
 - Know which component is causing a problem
 - Know which directories to find messages in

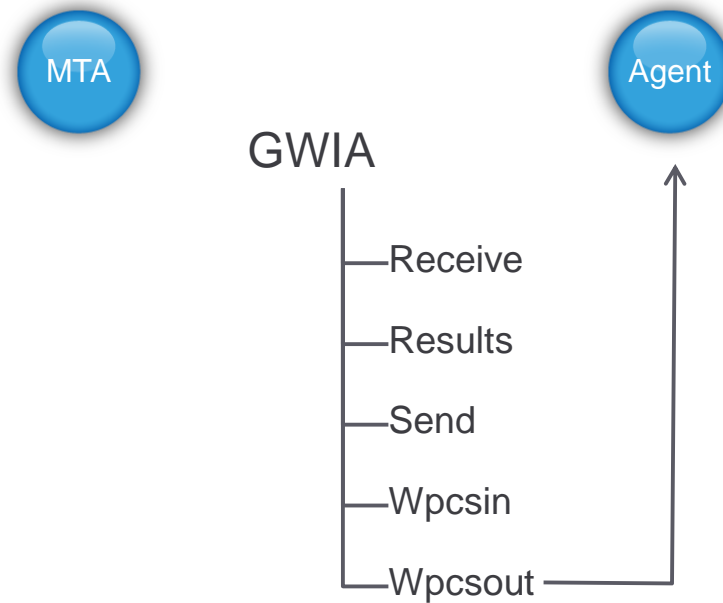
Message Flow



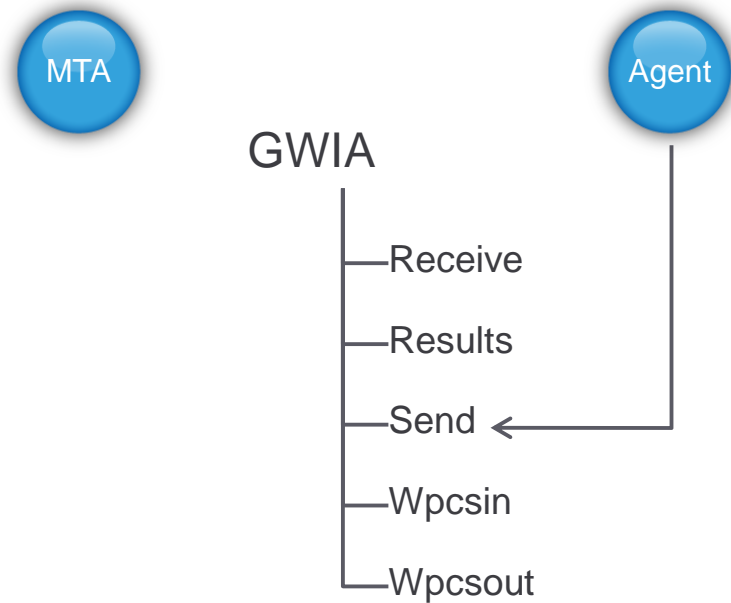
Message Flow



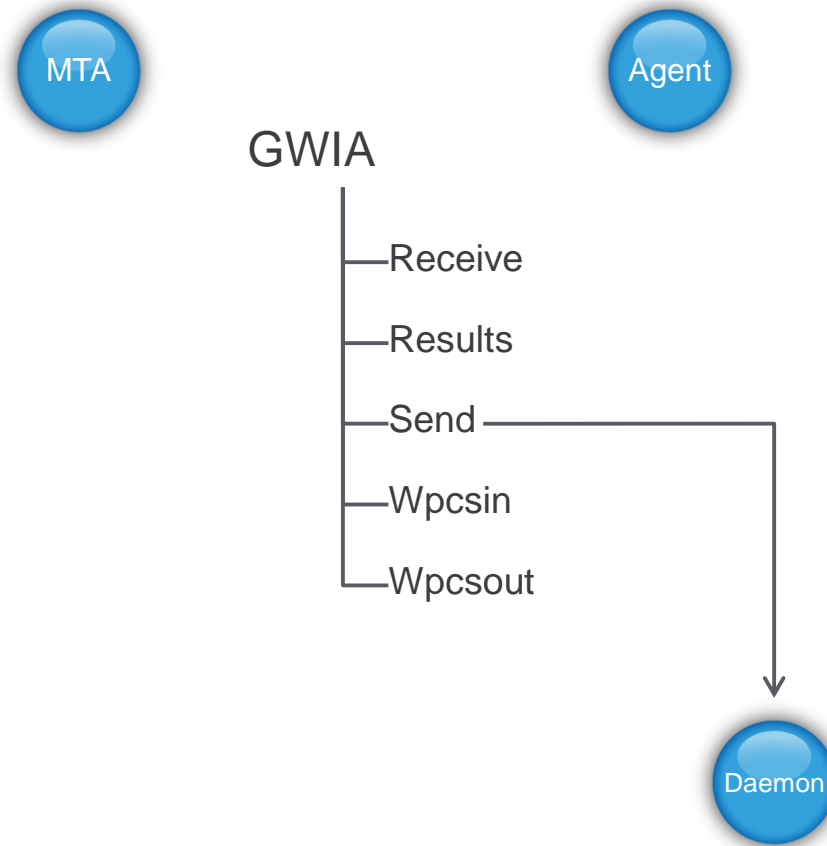
Message Flow



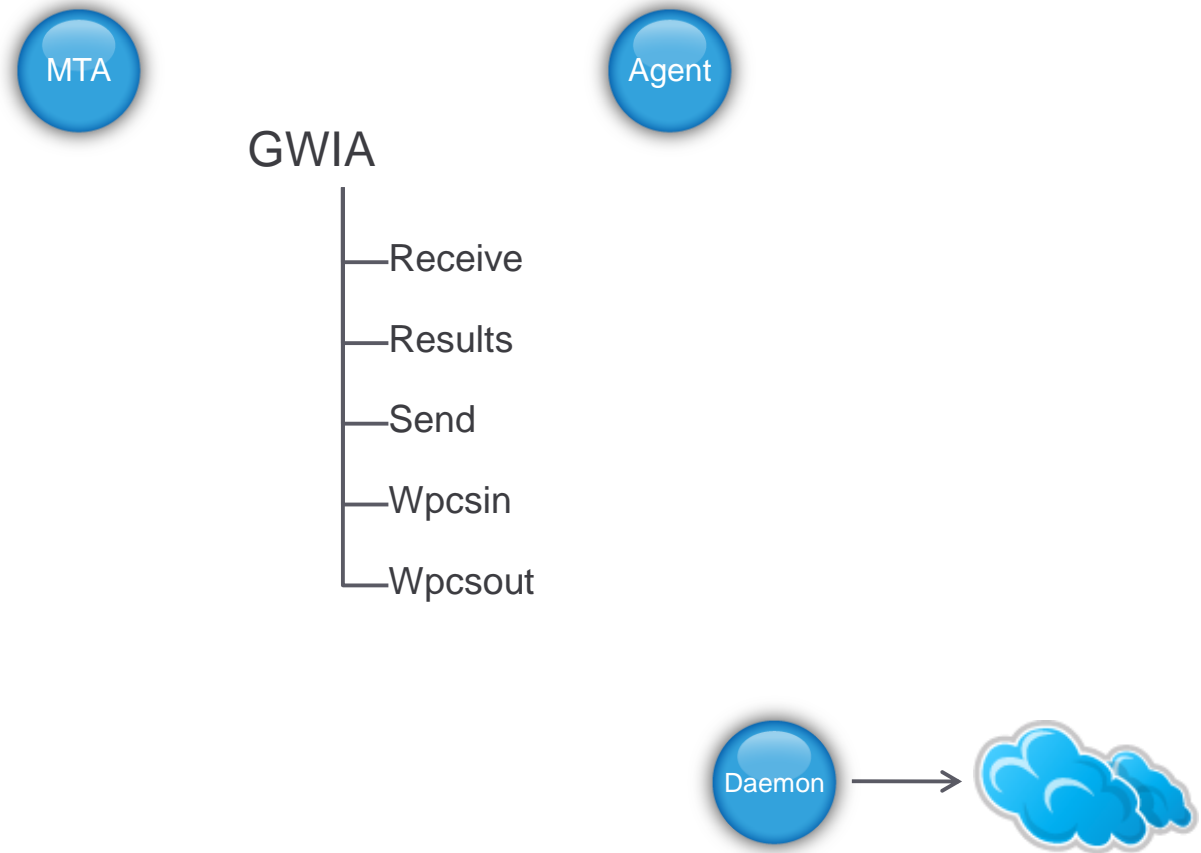
Message Flow



Message Flow



Message Flow

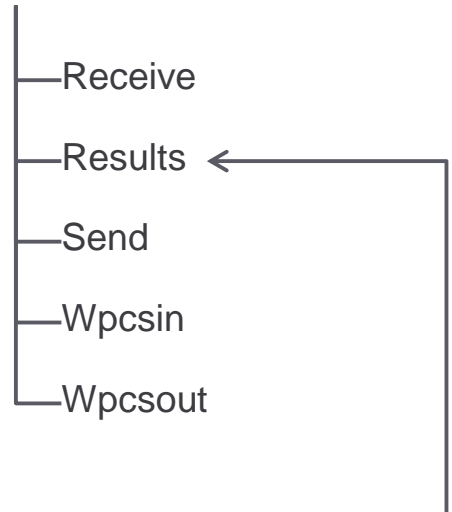


Message Flow

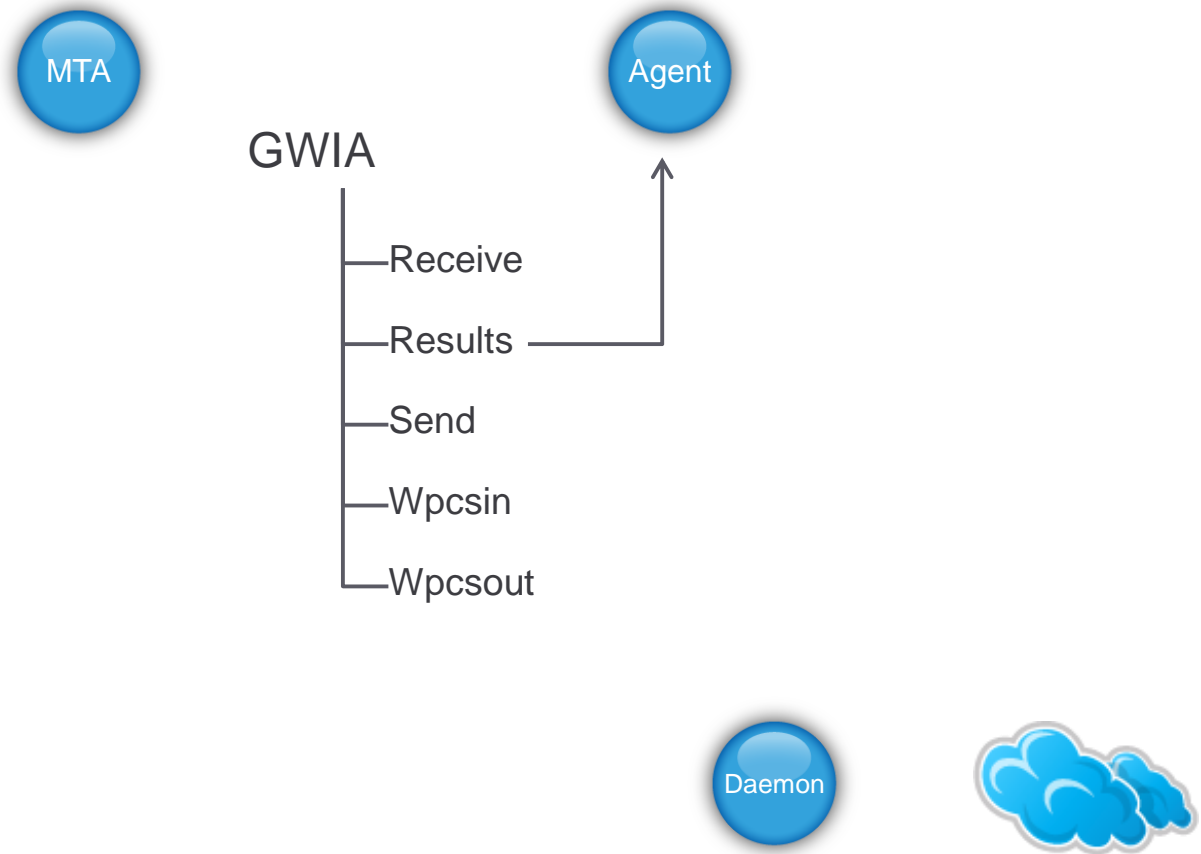
The daemon only writes back to the Results folder in the event of an unsuccessful transmission.



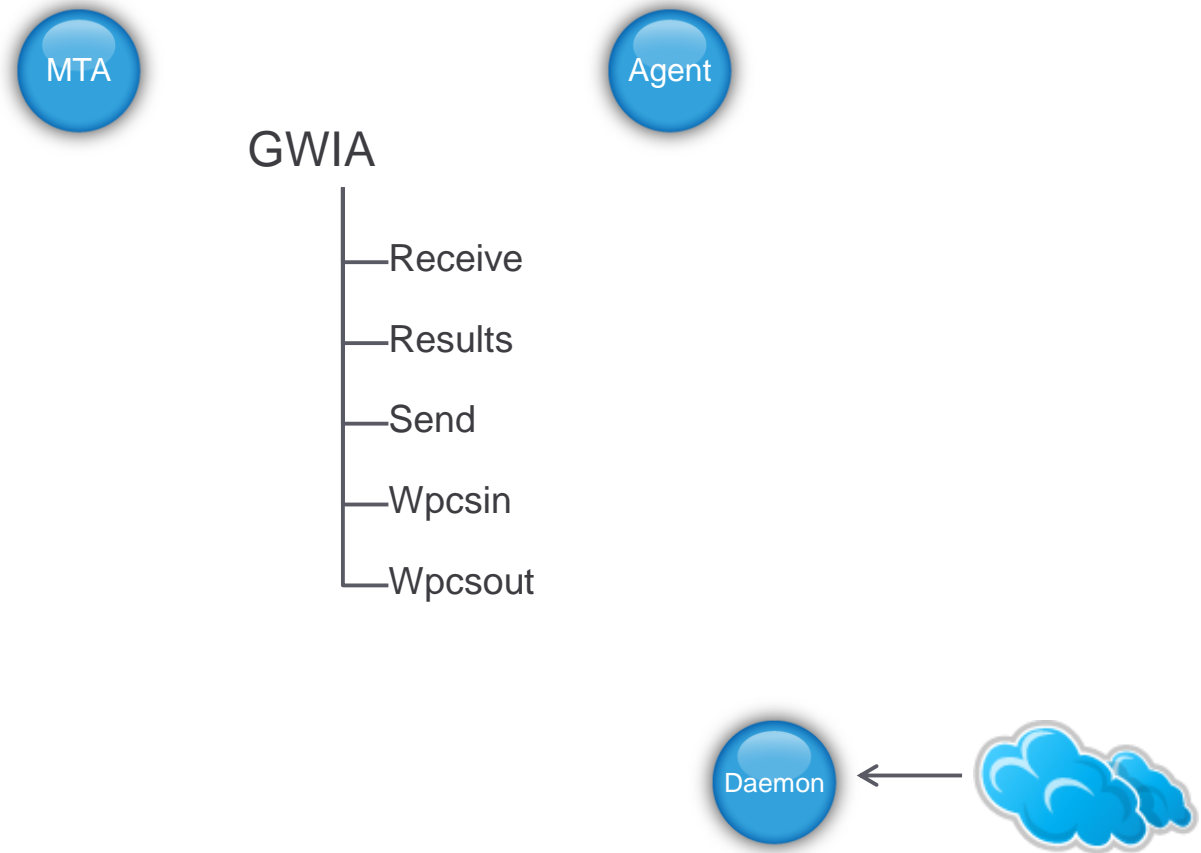
GWIA



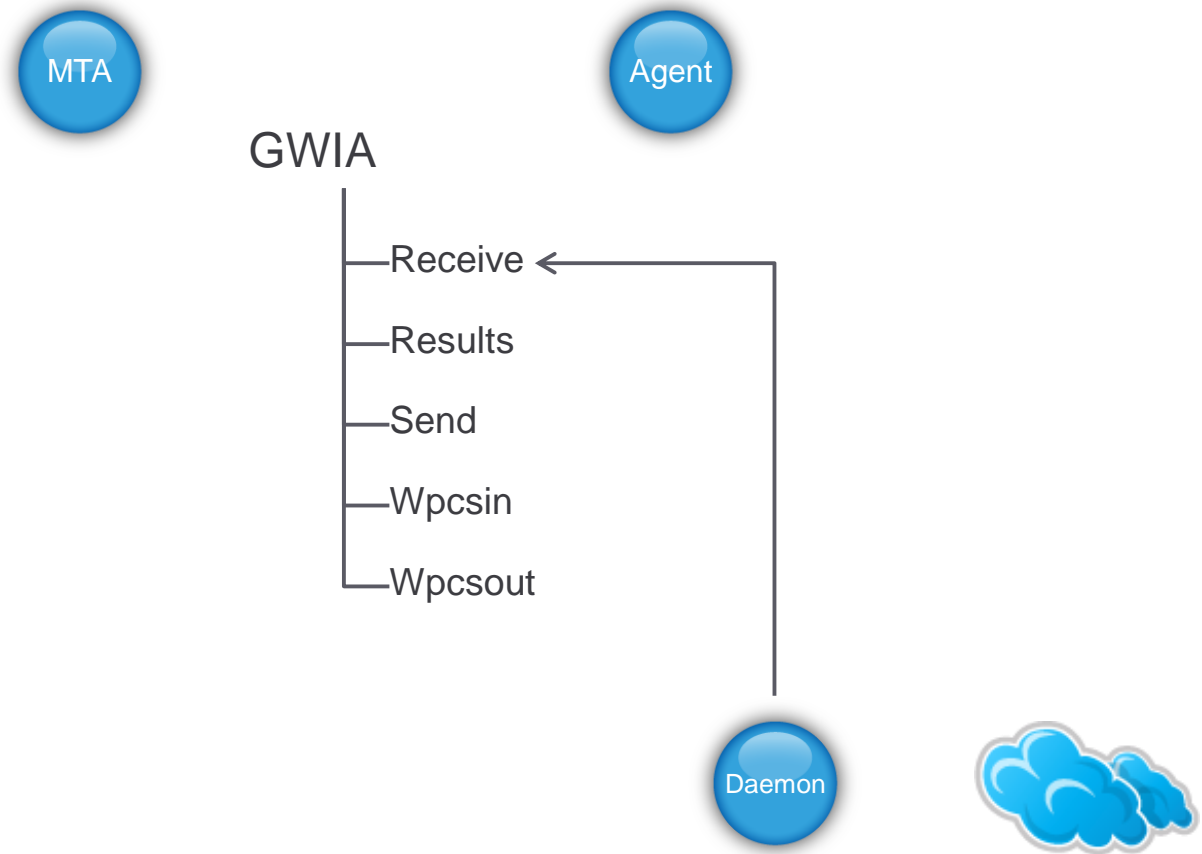
Message Flow



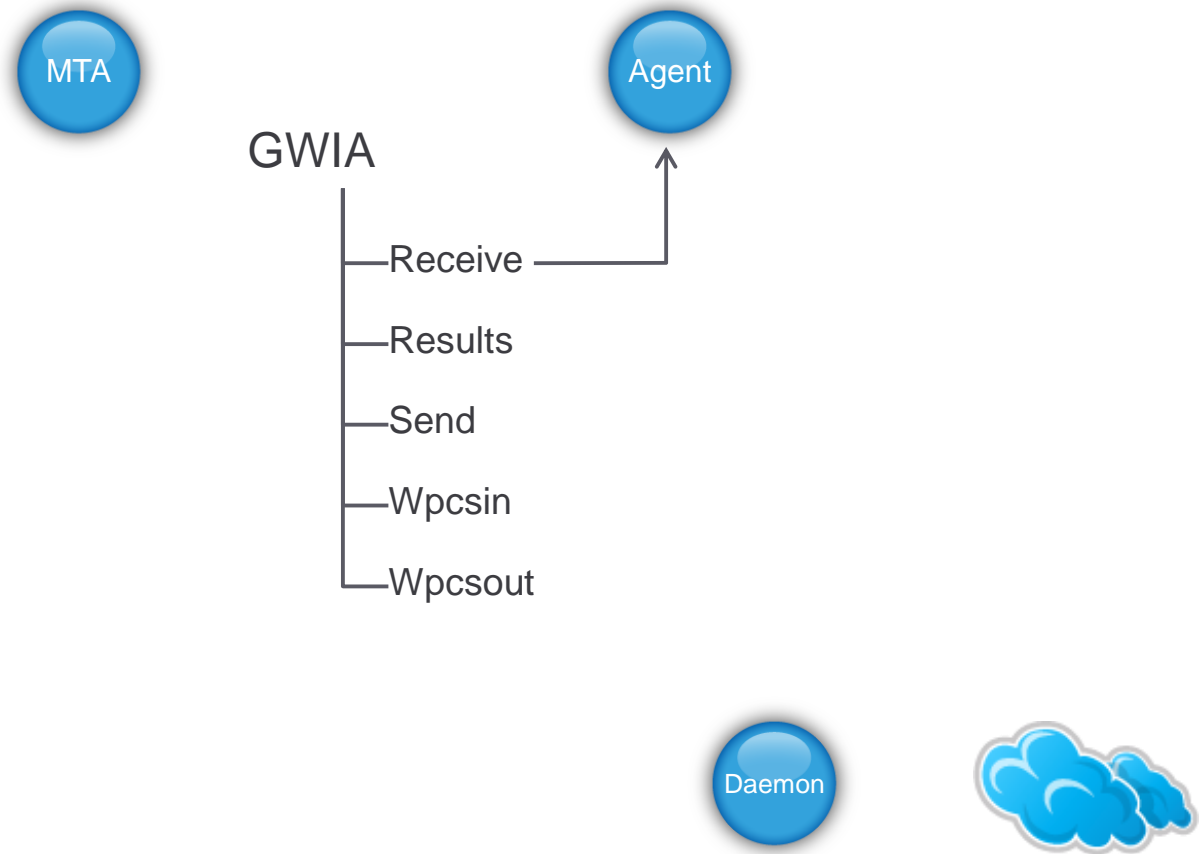
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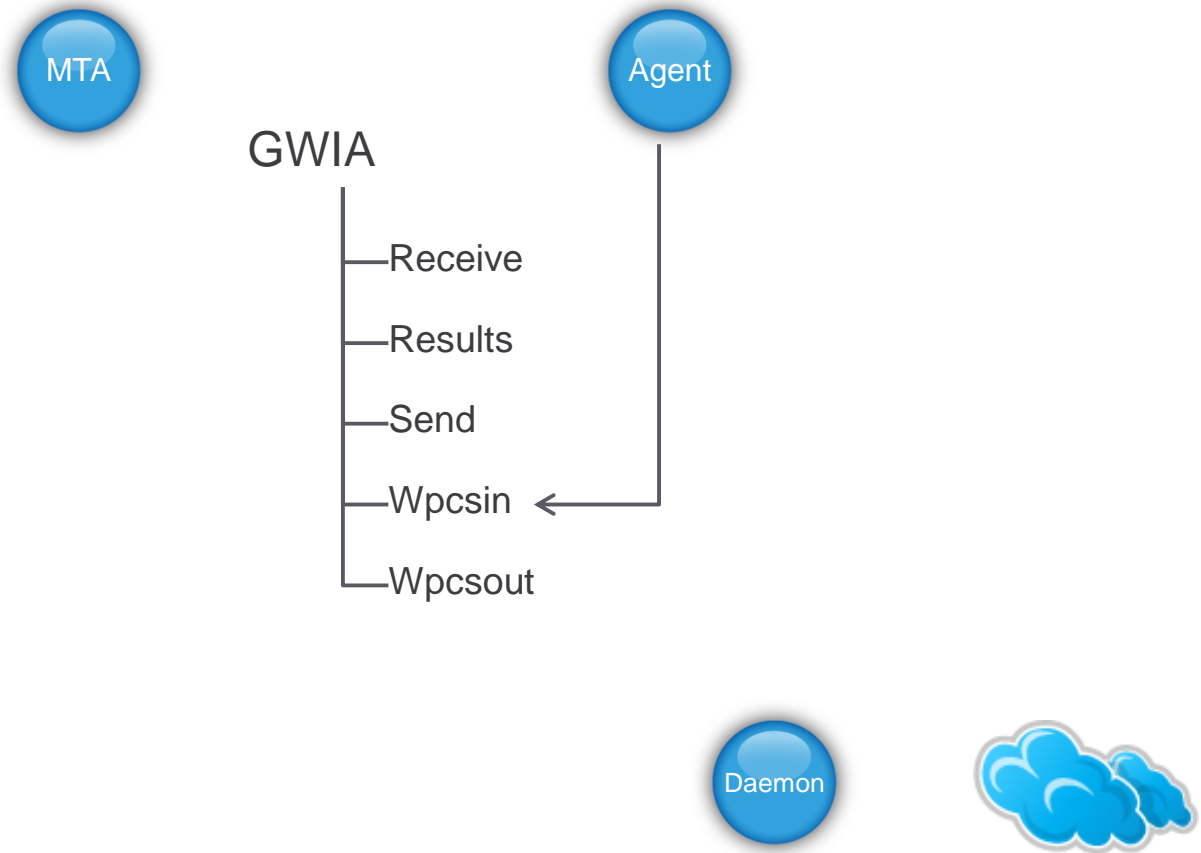
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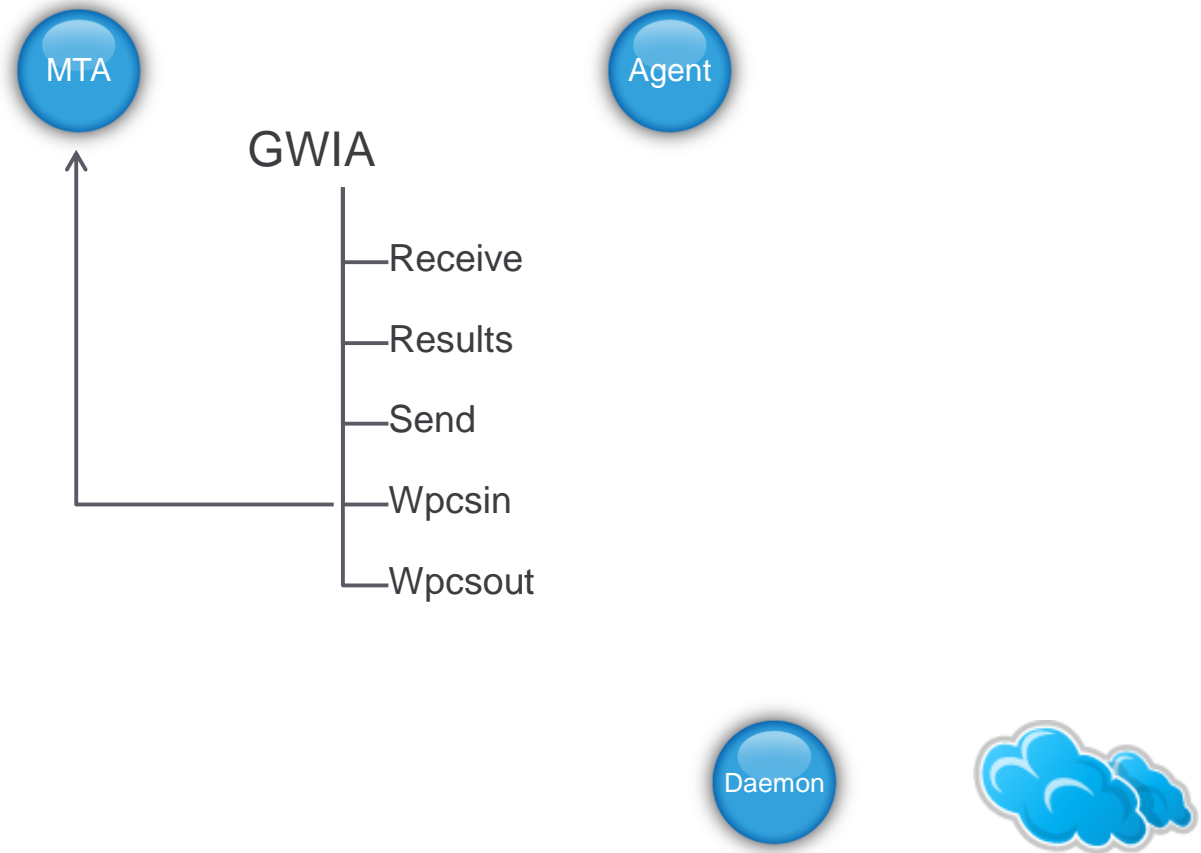
Message Flow



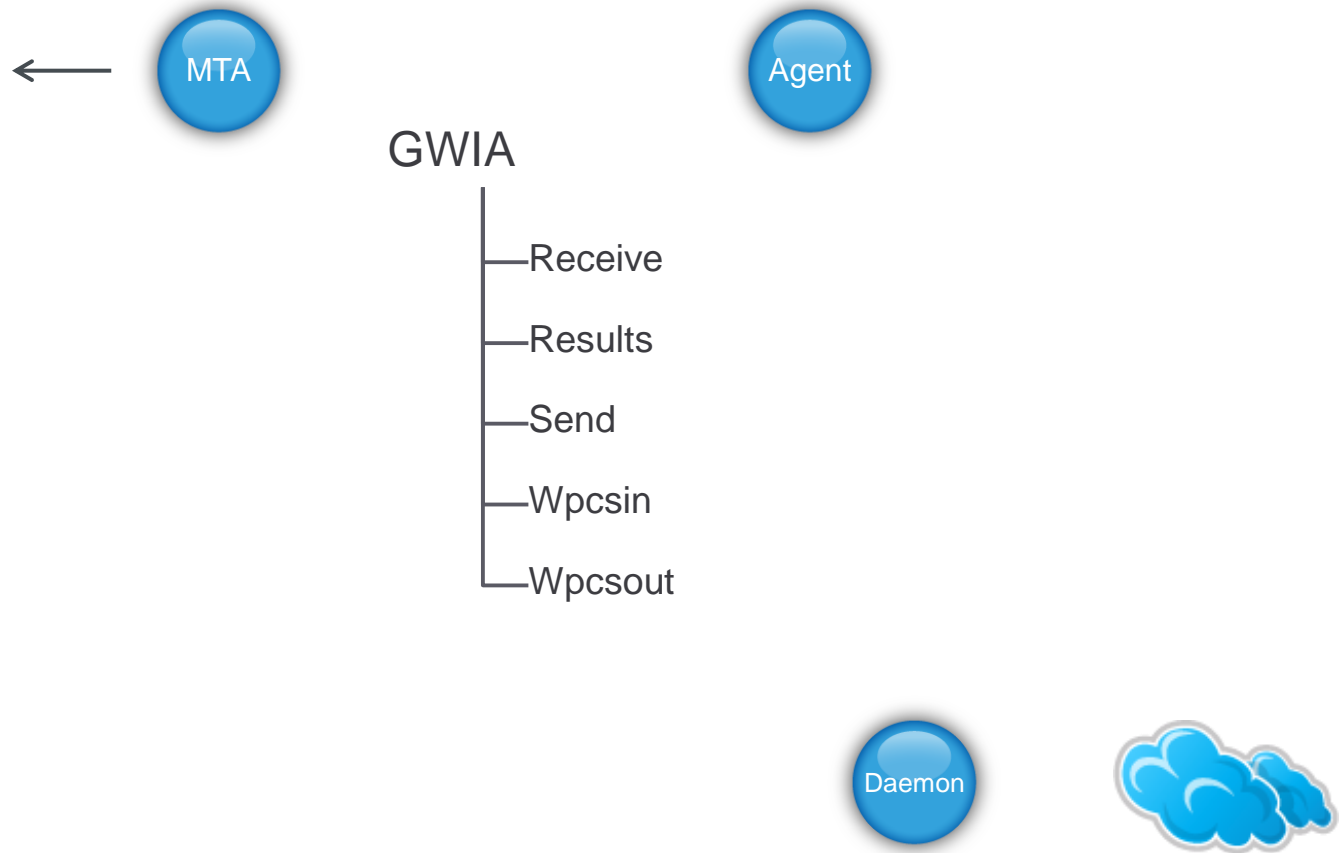
Message Flow



Message Flow



Message Flow



SMTP Response Messages

- Code

- 2xx

- Status: Command succeeded

- 3xx

- Status: Command accepted but more information expected

- 4xx

- Status: Command failed, however the problem may be temporary. Retry later

- 5xx

- Status: Command failed

Inbound Undeliverable Messages

- **If unknown recipient**
 - '550 No such recipient' is returned to sending server
 - Message is dropped without receiving body/attachments
 - The Message is not placed in problem directory
- **Why?**
 - Saves bandwidth and disk space
- **Use nicknames to monitor old addresses**
- **Service/application accounts should have a mailbox**
 - Return paths for bounces and relay denials

Troubleshooting

- Telnet to the GWIA on port 25

Helo acme.com

Mail From:john@acme.com

Rcpt To:alice.smith@novell.com

Data

This is a test

.

quit

Troubleshooting

HELO relay.example.org

MAIL FROM:john@acme.com

RCPT TO:alice.smith@novell.com

RCPT TO:theboss@novell.com

DATA

From: "John Jones" john@acme.com

To: "Alice Smith" alice.smith@novell.com

Cc: theboss@novell.com

Date: Tue, 15 Jan 2008 16:02:43 -0500

Subject: Test message

Hello Alice.

This is a test message with 5 header fields and 4 lines in the message body.

Bob

.

quit

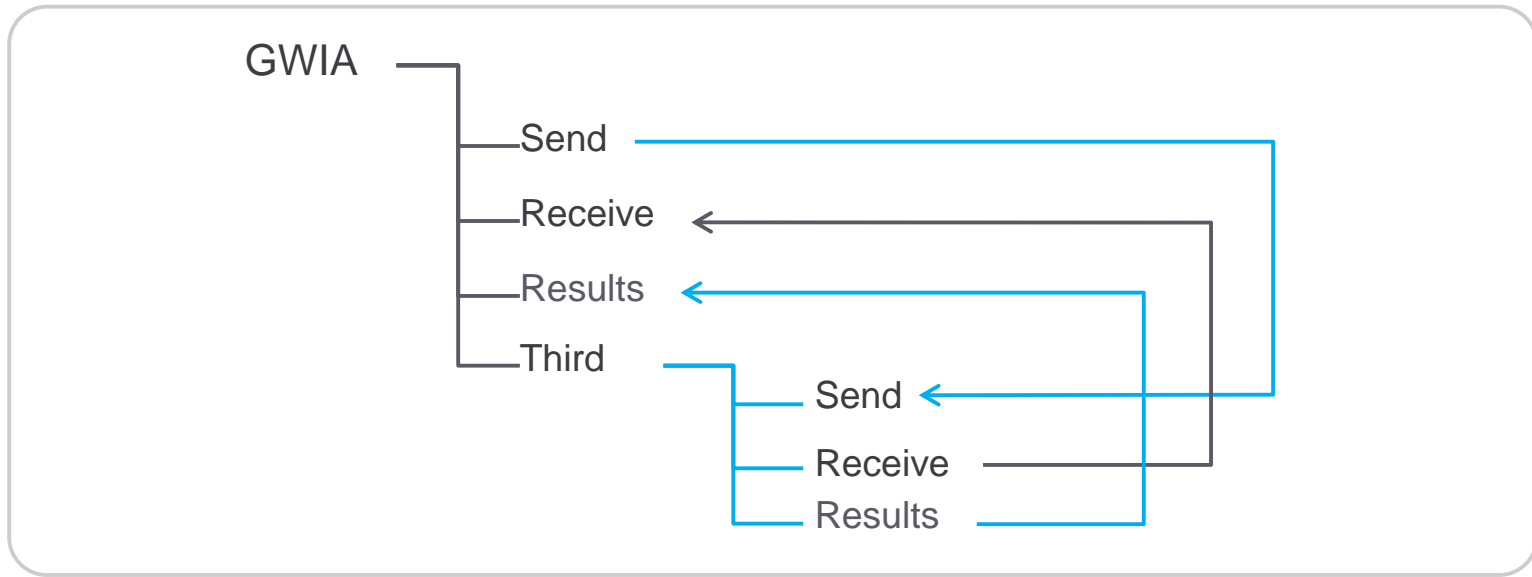
Troubleshooting

- Problem messages are stored in the gwprob directory
 - Can be re-queued
 - Rename the .BAD file to .001 or other number extension
 - Open the message and determine if it is inbound or outbound
 - Modify the message, if required, to correct the problem
 - Move the message in the respective RECEIVE or SEND directory
- These messages can be deleted without causing a problem

Troubleshooting

- **Third party directory**

- Separate send and receive directory used by daemon
- Need to move mail between the directories



Tracking inbound messages

GWIA

```
13:12:31 000 DMN: MSG 9321338 Receiving file:/smtpdom2/wpgate/smtpia2/receive/f3fc59d4.606
13:12:32 920      MSG 9321338 Processing inbound message: /smtpdom2/wpgate/smtpia2/receive/f3fc59d4.606
13:12:32 920      MSG 9321338 Sender: fluffy.pilpott@earthlink.net
13:12:32 920      MSG 9321338 Recipient: lkearney@georgiahealth.edu
13:12:32 920      MSG 9321338 Queuing to MTA
13:12:32 920      MSG 9321338 File: /smtpdom2/wpgate/smtpia2/wpcsin/4/4d95cf41.yw7 Message Id:
(4D960780.4F4:148:62708) Size: 2.8 Kb
```

GWIA MTA

```
13:12:33 112 RTR: SMTP2: 00666996.YW4: Routing /smtpdom2/mslocal/gwinprog/4/00666996.YW4 (3 kb)
13:12:33 112 RTR: SMTP2: 00666996.YW4 Priority 4 4D960780.4F4:148:62708 : Transfer to DOMAIN1
13:12:33 112 RTR: SMTP2: 00666996.YW4: Message queued:/smtpdom2/mslocal/mshold/dom219d/4/00666996.001
```

Tracking inbound messages

Destination MTA

```
13:12:34 0C5 RTR: DOMAIN1: 0040c817.YW4: Routing e5/domain1:\domain1\mslocal\gwinprog\4\0040c817.YW4 (3 kb)
13:12:34 0C5 RTR: DOMAIN1: 0040c817.YW4 Priority 4 4D960780.4F4:148:62708 : Transfer to DOMAIN1.PO6:OFS
13:12:34 0C5 RTR: DOMAIN1: 0040c817.YW4: Message queued:
e5/domain1:\domain1\mslocal\mshold\po64fc1\4\0040c817.001
```

Destination POA

```
13:12:35 09E MTP: Received file: E6\mail6:\po6\wpcout\ofs\4\4d95cf43.YW2, Size: 2996
13:12:35 07E Processing 4d95cf43.yw2 Message ID(4D960780.4F4:148:62708)
13:12:35 07E Sender of message (4d95cf43.yw2) fluffy.pilpott@earthlink.net
13:12:35 07E Distribute message from: fluffy pilpott
13:12:35 07E Begin distribution to 1 users
13:12:35 07E Processed OK
```

Open Connections

- `netstat -patune | grep ':25' > /tmp/abc.txt`
 - Replace 25 with 110, 143, 993 or 995

```
• tcp    1 0 10.6.10.97:25    10.6.10.167:61430    CLOSE_WAIT  1071  54707306  19318/gwia
• tcp 100 0 10.6.10.97:25    166.137.14.31:39105    CLOSE_WAIT  1071  54699863  19318/gwia
• tcp    1 0 10.6.10.97:25    158.93.190.200:44671    CLOSE_WAIT  1071  54685441  19318/gwia
• tcp    1 0 10.6.10.97:25    68.47.36.215:52209    CLOSE_WAIT  1071  54707314  19318/gwia
```



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